

Code No: RT41051

**R13**

**Set No. 1**

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, November - 2016

**CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY**

(Common to Computer Science & Engineering and Information Technology)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

*Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B*

*Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A*

*Answer any THREE questions from Part-B*

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**PART-A (22 Marks)**

1. a) Use Caesar cipher with key =15 to encrypt the message "Hello". [4]
- b) What is differential cryptanalysis? [4]
- c) Solve the congruence  $x^2 \equiv 7 \pmod{13}$ . [4]
- d) Distinguish between message integrity and message authentication. [4]
- e) Write the authentication dialogue exchanged between a user and authentication server in Kerberos V4? [3]
- f) Who are treated as intruders on a network? [3]

**PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)**

2. a) What are the tools available for session hijacking? Explain briefly how they work. [8]
- b) Determine the security services required to counter various types of Active and Passive attacks. What are the common C-functions that give rise to buffer overflow? [8]
3. a) Describe the round function of CAST block Cipher. Explain the encryption algorithm of CAST. [10]
- b) Explain the Key Scheduling of CAST. How many S-boxes are used by CAST? [6]
4. a) Explain Miller Rabins Primality Testing. Use the same to test the primality of 271, 341. Use base 2. [8]
- b) What are discrete logarithms? Explain how are they used in Public Key Cryptography? [8]
5. a) Explain the compression of Secure Hash Algorithm. [10]
- b) What are the requirements of hash functions? [6]
6. a) What is the need for security services at transport layer of Internet Protocol? [8]
- b) Explain the four protocols defined by Secure Socket Layer. [8]
7. a) Explain the methods used for statistical anomaly detection. [8]
- b) What are the services provided by IPSec? Where can be the IPSec located on a network? [8]

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Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

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*Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A*

*Answer any THREE questions from Part-B*

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**PART-A (22 Marks)**

1. a) Using Hill Cipher to encipher the message "we live in a insecure world". Use the key  
$$\begin{bmatrix} 03 & 02 \\ 05 & 07 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [4]
- b) What are the weaknesses of DES? [4]
- c) Solve the congruence  $x^5 \equiv 11 \pmod{17}$ . [4]
- d) Explain an attack to which MAC is vulnerable. How to make MAC more secure? [4]
- e) What are the components of Ticket<sub>TGS</sub> and Ticket<sub>v</sub>? [3]
- f) What is meant by IP Spoofing? [3]

**PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)**

2. a) How are local variables put on the stack? How is stack used to pass arguments through to a function? How all this adds up to allow an overflowed buffer to take control of the machine and execute an attacker's code? Explain with examples. [10]
- b) What are transposition ciphers? [6]
3. a) Give the structure of AES. Explain how Encryption/Decryption is done in AES. [10]
- b) Define OFB and list its advantages and disadvantages. [6]
4. a) Explain Chinese Remainder Theorem. Using CRT find 'x' from the equations  
 $x \equiv 7 \pmod{13}$  and  $x \equiv 11 \pmod{12}$  [8]
- b) What are the attacks that are possible on RSA? [8]
5. a) Give the structure of HMAC. List out the design objectives of HMAC. Explain the benefits/advantages of HMAC over other hash based schemes. [10]
- b) Compare HMAC with CMAC. [6]
6. a) Explain the authentication procedures defined by X.509 certificate. Illustrate the concept of 'certificate chain' for verification of digital signature on X.509 certificate. [8]
- b) What are the main features of Kerberos Version 5? [8]
7. a) Write briefly about the signature based Intrusion Detection Systems. [8]
- b) What is Transport mode and Tunnel mode? Explain about the scope of AH and ESP in these modes? [8]

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**Set No. 3**

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**Time: 3 hours**

**Max. Marks: 70**

*Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B*

*Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A*

*Answer any THREE questions from Part-B*

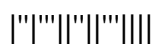
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**PART-A (22 Marks)**

1. a) Use Vigenere Cipher with key HEALTH to encrypt the message "Life is full of surprises". [4]
- b) How is meet in the middle attack done in 2-DES? [4]
- c) For which value of n, does the group  $G = \langle Z_n^*, x \rangle$  have primitive roots: 17, 20, 38 and 50. [4]
- d) What is Birthday Attack on Digital Signatures? [4]
- e) What is Radix-64 text encoding? [3]
- f) How is replay attack prevented by IPsec? [3]

**PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)**

2. a) Write briefly the categories of attacks. What are the x.800 listed attacks? [8]
- b) Write briefly about ARP attack and session hijacking. [8]
3. a) Explain the round transformation of IDEA. Also explain the key scheduling of IDEA. [10]
- b) How is expansion permutation function done in DES? [6]
4. a) Explain ElGamal Crypto System with examples. [12]
- b) Discuss the security of ElGamal Crypto System. [4]
5. a) Describe the steps in finding the message digest using SHA-512 algorithm. What is the order of finding two messages having the same message digest? [10]
- b) Explain the benefits/advantages of HMAC over other hash based schemes. [6]
6. a) What are the content types provided by S/MIME? Explain. [8]
- b) How is an enveloped data MIME entity prepared? Write the steps. [8]
7. a) Explain about Host based Intrusion Detection Systems in brief. [8]
- b) What are the different combinations of Security Association on a network? [8]



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*Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A*

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**PART-A (22 Marks)**

1. a) What is phishing? [4]
- b) Distinguish between diffusion and confusion. [4]
- c) Find the value of  $\phi(100)$  and  $\phi(80)$  [4]
- d) What is message authentication? How is it different from message integrity? [4]
- e) What are the keys used by PGP? [3]
- f) What are the contents of a Security Association? [3]

**PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)**

2. a) What is the relation between security mechanisms and attacks? Explain. [8]
- b) Discuss about SQL injection techniques briefly. [8]
3. a) How do you convert a block cipher into a stream cipher by using the Cipher Feedback (CFB) mode? Explain. [8]
- b) What is a Feistel Cipher? Name the Ciphers that follow Feistel Structure. [8]
4. a) Describe Chinese Remainder Theorem and explain its application. [10]
- b) What is the cipher text if the plain text is 63 and public key is 13? Use RSA algorithm. [6]
5. a) What are the requirements of cryptographic hash functions? [6]
- b) Describe the digital signature schemes DSS, Schnorr and ElGamal. [10]
6. a) Why does PGP compress the message? What are the reasons for compressing the signature but before encryption? [8]
- b) Give the summary of cryptographic algorithms used by S/MIME. [8]
7. a) What is an audit record? What is the use of audit record in intrusion detection? [8]
- b) Describe the architecture of IPSec. [8]

