

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - II

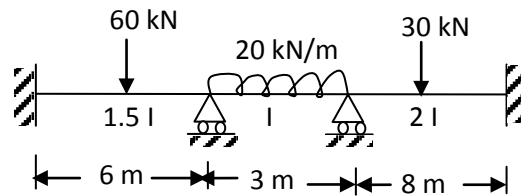
(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A
(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- State Eddy's theorem.
 - Explain rib shortening.
 - Write the assumptions in slope deflection method.
 - Define carry over moment and distribution factor.
 - Write Advantages of Kani's method.
 - Calculate the rotation factors for the beam shown in figure below.



- Write concepts in flexibility method.
- Define stiffness and write the basic equation of stiffness method.
- Define plastic Hinge and plastic moment capacity.
- Define collapse load and load factor.

PART - B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT - I

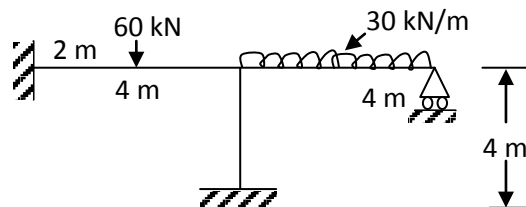
- 2 A three-hinged circular arch hinged at the springing and crown point has a span of 40 m and a central rise of 8 m. It carries a uniformly distributed load of 20 kN/m over the left-half of the span together with a concentrated load of 100 kN at the right quarter span point. Find the reactions at the supports, normal thrust and shear at a section 10 m from left support.

OR

- 3 A three hinged parabolic arch of 20 m span and 4 m central rise carries a point load of 4 kN at 4 m horizontally from the left hand hinge. Calculate the normal thrust and shear force at the section under the load. Also, calculate the maximum B.M positive and negative.

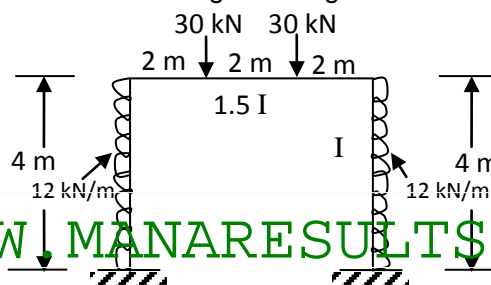
UNIT - II

- 4 Analyze the frame shown in figure by slope deflection method. Draw BMD flexural rigidity is same for all members.



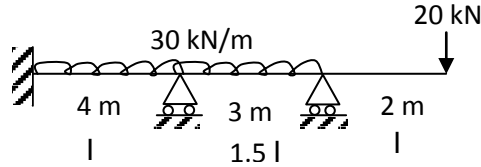
OR

- 5 Analyze the portal frame shown in figure using moment distribution method.



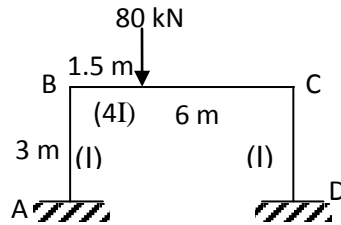
UNIT - III

6 Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure using Kani's method.



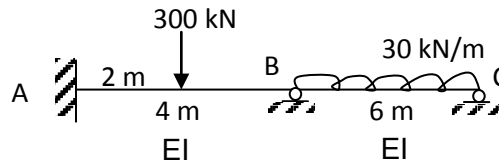
OR

7 Analyze the frame shown in figure using Kani's method.



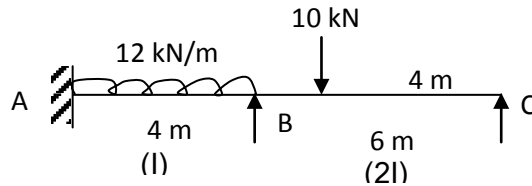
UNIT - IV

8 Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure by the flexibility method. Draw SFD and BMD.



OR

9 Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure by Stiffness method. Draw BMD.



UNIT - V

10 Write the assumptions for evaluating fully plastic moment. And also derive fully plastic moment M_p and shape factor S in general.

OR

11 Derive the shape factors for:

- (a) Triangular section.
- (b) Hollow circular section.
