

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations December 2016

ANALOG COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A
(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- Define modulation. Why is modulation required in communication system?
 - Compare TDM and FDM.
 - The carrier swing of a frequency-modulated signal is 70 KHz and the modulating signal is a 7 KHz sine wave. Determine the modulation index of the FM signal.
 - What is Threshold effect in FM?
 - What is meant by thermal noise?
 - Find the figure of merit when the depth of modulation of AM is:
 - 100%. (ii) 50%.
 - State sampling theorem.
 - Compare the sampling techniques of PAM.
 - What is meant by Channel Capacity and Channel efficiency?
 - An event has six possible outcomes with the probabilities $P_1 = 1/2$, $P_2 = 1/4$, $P_3 = 1/8$, $P_4 = 1/16$, $P_5 = 1/32$, $P_6 = 1/32$. Find the entropy of the system and rate of information if there are 16 outcomes per sec.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Sketch the circuit diagram of balanced modulator and explain how DSB-SC waveform is generated using any two methods.

OR

- 3 Answer the following:
- Quadrature Amplitude modulation.
 - Phase locked loop (PLL).
 - Superheterodyne AM Receiver.

UNIT – II

- 4 Explain the generation of Narrow band Phase Modulation and Narrow band Frequency Modulation with suitable block diagrams.

OR

- 5 The equation for a FM wave is $s(t) = 10\sin [5.7 \times 10^8 t + 5 \sin 12 \times 10^3 t]$. Calculate: (i) Carrier frequency. (ii) Modulating frequency. (iii) Modulation index. (vi) Frequency deviation. (v) Power dissipated in 100 Ω .

UNIT – III

- 6 Compare the noise performance of DSB-SC and SSB-SC.

OR

- 7 Explain the Quadrature representation of narrowband noise along with the envelope of narrowband noise.

UNIT – IV

- 8 (a) Give comparison of PAM, PWM and PPM.
(b) How to demodulate PPM signal? What are its advantages and disadvantages?

OR

- 9 List and define the performance parameters of radio receivers in detail.

UNIT – V

- 10 Discuss Shannon's Encoding algorithm.

- 11 (a) Explain Entropy and information rate of markoff sources.
(b) Calculate the capacity of a low pass channel with a usable Bandwidth of 3000 Hz and $S/N = 10^3$ at the channel output. Assume the channel noise to be Gaussian and white.
