

TELEVISION & VIDEO ENGINEERING
(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A
(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) Why width is kept longer than height in television?
 - (b) Determine height and width of a T V screen of 30 cm size.
 - (c) Compare number of scanning lines of PAL and NTSC systems.
 - (d) What are the merits of SECAM system?
 - (e) Write short notes on plasma display.
 - (f) Write short notes on TFT LCD.
 - (g) List out the uses of IF sections.
 - (h) What is a gamma correction?
 - (i) What is AVC motion compensation decoder?
 - (j) List some merits of high definition television.

PART – B
(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 What is colour temperature? How colour temperature is useful in video processing?

OR

- 3 Explain in detail about television broadcasting.

UNIT – II

- 4 Explain in detail about colour signal generation and encoding.

OR

- 5 (a) Discuss in detail about PAL –D Color system.
(b) How the phase error is cancelled in the PAL system?

UNIT – III

- 6 With neat sketch, explain about Trinitron picture tube.

OR

- 7 Discuss in detail about TN LCD display advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT – IV

- 8 Draw the block diagram of analogue receiver and briefly explain the blocks.

OR

- 9 Explain briefly the operation of IF subsystem.

UNIT – V

- 10 Explain in detail about:

- (a) SDTV sampling rate.
- (b) Video sampling.

OR

- 11 Explain in detail about intra-prediction operation.