Code: 13A04708

## B.Tech IV Year I Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations June 2018

## SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

## PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following:  $(10 \times 02 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- Name few applications of satellite communications. (a)
- State Kepler's second law. (b)
- What is meant by spot beam antenna? (c)
- What is meant by transponder? (d)
- What is the need for reference burst in TDMA? (e)
- An antenna has a noise temperature of 35K and it is matched into a receiver which has a noise temperature of 100 K. Calculate the noise power density and the noise power for a bandwidth of 36 MHz?
- (g) State the features of LEO.
- (h) What are the basic requirements of an earth station antenna?
- State any two applications of GPS. (i)
- (i) Explain the position location principles of GPS.

## PART - B

(Answer all five units,  $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ )

[ UNIT - I ]

2 Determine the look angles and the range for the situation given below, latitude of the earth station (IE)=-20 deg, Longitude of earth station (fE)=-30 deg, Longitude of sub satellite point fs=+30 deg; height = 35,786 km radius of earth = 6378.14 km.

OR

3 Determine the limits of visibility for an earth station situated at mean sea level, at latitude 48.42 degree north and longitude 89.26 degrees west. Assume a minimum angle of elevation of 5 degrees.

| UNIT – II |

Explain how attitude control is established through various satellite stabilization techniques. 4

OR

5 Explain the operation of Telemetry, tracking and command subsystem.

[ UNIT – III ]

Explain about different spread spectrum systems. 6

7 List and explain the factors governing the design of satellite links.

UNIT - IV

Discuss on earth station antenna feed, reflectors and mount. 8

OR

9 Compare and contrast LEO and GEO satellites.

UNIT – V

10 Explain the principle of differential GPS with a neat diagram.

With short notes on GPS receiver and GPS codes, explain the satellite signal acquisition operation. 11