

**ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 x 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) Define corrosion.
  - (b) What is galvanic corrosion?
  - (c) Define addition polymerization.
  - (d) Give important applications of silicones.
  - (e) Define Calorific value.
  - (f) What is coke?
  - (g) What are refractories?
  - (h) Define pore point.
  - (i) What is meant by hardness of water?
  - (j) What is calgon?

**PART – B**

(Answer all five units, 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT - I**

- 2 Explain electrochemical theory of corrosion with mechanism and draw the diagram.  
OR
- 3 Discuss the factors affecting the corrosion.

**UNIT - II**

- 4 (a) Distinguish between thermoplastics and Thermo settings.  
(b) Discuss the preparation of Buna-S.  
OR
- 5 (a) What is natural rubber?  
(b) Discuss the compounding of rubber.

**UNIT - III**

- 6 Explain Otto-Hoffmann's byproduct oven process for manufacture of coke.  
OR
- 7 (a) What is water gas? Give its composition. How is it prepared on a large scale?  
(b) What are the uses of water gas?

**UNIT - IV**

- 8 Explain scale and sludge formation in boiler. How are they removed?  
OR
- 9 What is the principle of EDTA method? Describe the estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method.

**UNIT - V**

- 10 Discuss the chemical and physical changes that occur during the hardening and setting of cement.  
OR
- 11 How are the refractory materials classified? Explain and give suitable examples.