### COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Candidates should write their Hall Ticket Number only in the space provided at the top left hand corner of this page, on
  the leaflet attached to this booklet and also in the space provided on the OMR Response Sheet, BESIDES WRITING,
  THE CANDIDATE SHOULD ENSURE THAT THE APPROPRIATE CIRCLES PROVIDED FOR THE
  HALL TICKET NUMBERS ARE SHADED USING H.B. PENCIL ONLY ON THE OMR RESPONSE
  SHEET. DO NOT WRITE HALL TICKET NUMBER ANY WHERE ELSE.
- 2. Immediately on opening this Question Paper Booklet, check:
  - (a) Whether 200 multiple choice questions are printed (50 questions in Mathematics, 25 questions in Physics, 25 questions in Chemistry and 100 questions in Engineering)
  - (b) In case of any discrepancy immediately exchange the Question paper Booklet of same code by bringing the error to the notice of invigilator.
- Use of Calculators, Mathematical Tables and Log books is not permitted.
- Candidate must ensure that he/she has received the Correct Question Booklet, corresponding to his/her branch of Engineering.
- 5. Candidate should ensure that the booklet Code and the Booklet Serial Number, as it appears on this page is entered at the appropriate place on the OMR Response Sheet by shading the appropriate circles provided therein using H.B. pencil only. Candidate should note that if they fail to enter the Booklet Serial Number and the Booklet Code on the OMR Response Sheet, their Answer Sheet will not be valued.
- 6. Candidate shall shade one of the circles 1, 2, 3 or 4 corresponding question on the OMR Response Sheet using H.B. Pencil only. Candidate should note that their OMR Response Sheet will be invalidated if the circles against the question are shaded using Black / Blue ink pen / Ball pen / any other pencil other than H.B. Pencil or if more than one circle is shaded against any question.
- 7. One mark will be awarded for every correct answer. There are no negative marks.
- 8. The OMR Response Sheet will not be valued if the candidate:
  - (a) Writes the Hall Ticket Number in any part of the OMR Response Sheet except in the space provided for the purpose.
  - Writes any irrelevant matter including religious symbols, words, prayers or any communication whatsoever in any part of the OMR Response Sheet.
  - (c) Adopts any other malpractice.
- Rough work should be done only in the space provided in the Question Paper Booklet.
- 10. No loose sheets or papers will be allowed in the examination hall.
- 11. Timings of Test: 10.00 A.M. to 1.00 P.M.
- 12. Candidate should ensure that he / she enters his / her name and appends signature on the Question paper booklet, leaflet attached to this question paper booklet and also on the OMR Response Sheet in the space provided. Candidate should ensure that the invigilator puts his signature on this question paper booklet, leaflet attached to the question paper booklet and also on the OMR Response Sheet.
- 13. Before leaving the examination half candidate should return both the OMR Response Sheet and the leaflet attached to this question paper booklet to the invigilator. Failure to return any of the above shall be construed as malpractice in the examination. Question paper booklet may be retained by the candidate.
- 14. This booklet contains a total of 32 pages including Cover page and the pages for Rough Work.

(CSE)

Note: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries I mark. There are no negative marks.
- (3) Answer to the questions must be entered only on OMR Response Sheet provided separately by completely shading with H.B. Pencil, only one of the circles 1, 2, 3 or 4 provided against each question, and which is most appropriate to the question.
- (4) The OMR Response Sheet will be invalidated if the circle is shaded using ink / ball pen or if more than one circle is shaded against each question.

### MATHEMATICS

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then  $A^4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  (2) 91 (3) 271 (4) 81

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & x & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a skew symmetric matrix, then the value of x is

(1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4)

What is the number of all possible matrices with each entry as 0 or 1 if the order of matrices is  $3\times3$ 

(1) 64 (2) 268 (3) 512 (4) 256

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & i & -i \\ i & -i & 1 \\ -i & 1 & i \end{bmatrix}$$
, then  $|A| =$ 

(1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4)

- 5. The solution of a system of linear equations 2x y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x y + z = 2 is
  - (1) x = -1, y = -2, z = -3
- (2) x = 3, y = 2, z = 1
- (3) x = 2, y = 1, z = 3
- (4) x = 1, y = 2, z = 3
- 6. If  $\frac{1}{x^2 + a^2} = \frac{A}{x + ai} + \frac{B}{x ai}$  then  $A = \frac{A}{x ai}$ ,  $B = \frac{A}{x ai}$ 
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{2ai}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{2ai}$  (2)  $-\frac{1}{2ai}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2ai}$  (3)  $\frac{1}{ai}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{ai}$  (4)  $-\frac{1}{ai}$ ,  $\frac{1}{ai}$

- 7. If  $\frac{2x+4}{(x-1)^3} = \frac{A_1}{(x-1)} + \frac{A_2}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{A_3}{(x-1)^3}$  then  $\sum_{i=1}^3 A_i$  is equal to

- 8. The period of the function  $f(x) = |\sin x|$  is
  - (1) n

- (3)  $3\pi$  (4)  $4\pi$
- 9. If A+B=45°, then (1-cotA) . (1-cotB) is
  - (1) 1
- (2) 0

- The value of sin 78° + cos 132° is

  - (1)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{4}$  (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2}$  (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$

- 11. If  $A+B+C=\pi$ , then  $\sin 2A + \sin 2B + \sin 2C =$ 
  - 4 cosA sinB cosC

(2) 4 sinA cosB sinC

(3) 4 cosA cosB cosC

- (4) 4 sinA sinB sinC
- The principal solution of Tanx = 0 is
- (1)  $x = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}$

(2) x=0

(3)  $x=(2n+1) \pi/2, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

(4)  $x = n\pi + \alpha, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

13.	The	value of Tan-1 (2	2) + Ta	n-1 (3) is					
	(1)	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	(2)	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	(3)	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	(4)	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	
			are concept	angen success un					
14.	If th	e sides of a righ							
	(1)	1:2:3	(2)	2:3:4	(3)	3:4:5	(4)	4:5:6	
15.	The	value of r.r <sub>1</sub> .r <sub>2</sub> .	r, is						
	(1)	$\Delta^2$	(2)	Δ-2	(3)	Δ-3	(4)	$\Delta^4$	
	1	1 1							
16.	r1	$\frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^3} =$							
	(1)	1	(2)	$\frac{1}{2r}$	(3)	1 R	(4)	$\frac{1}{\Delta}$	
17.	If a	=6, b=5, c=9, th	en the	value of angle	Ais	No.			
	(1)	cos-1 (2/9)	(2)	cos-1 (2/5)	(3)	cos-1 (7/9)	(4)	cos-1 (1/3)	
				bir 1 die					
18.		polar form of c	101111111111111111111111111111111111111			-	7/03/52/7	-	
	(1)	$\sqrt{2}e^{-m/4}$	(2)	$\sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/4}$	(3)	$\sqrt{2} e^{i\pi/2}$	(4)	√2 e <sup>-m/2</sup>	
19.	161	$\omega$ , $\omega^2$ be the cul	be roo	ts of unity, then	the val	ue of 2"3.2"5.2	o is		
	(1)		(2)		(3)	1	(4)	0	
			-						
20.	The	intercept made	on X-	axis by the circ	le x²+y²	+2gx+2fy+c =	0 is		
	(1)	$\sqrt{g^2-c}$	(2)	$\sqrt{f^2-c}$	(3)	$2\sqrt{g^2-c}$	(4)	$2\sqrt{f^2-c}$	
21.		ne end of the di	ameter	of the circle x2	+y2-5x	-8y+13 = 0 is (	(2, 7), t	hen the other	end of th
		neter is	(2)	(1.3)	(3)	(-3, -1)	(4)	(-1, -3)	
	(1)	(3, 1)	(2)	(1, 3)	(3)	(-3, -1)	(4)		

22. The radius of the circle 
$$\sqrt{1+m^2}(x^2+y^2)-2cx-2mcy=0$$
 is

- (1) 2c

- (4) c

23. The parametric equations of the ellipse 
$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$
 are

- (1)  $x = a \sec \theta, y = b \tan \theta$
- (2)  $x = b \sin\theta, y = a \cos\theta$
- (3)  $x = a \cos\theta$ ,  $y = b \sin\theta$
- (4)  $x = a \csc\theta$ ,  $y = b \cot\theta$

24. The equation of the directrix of the parabola 
$$2x^2 = -7y$$
 is

- (2) 8y-7=0 (3) 7y+8=0

25. The condition for a straight line 
$$y = mx + c$$
 to be a tangent to the hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  is

- (1) c = a/m (2)  $c^2 = a^2m^2 b^2$  (3)  $c^2 = a^2m^2 + b^2$  (4)  $c^2 = a/m$

26. 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sqrt{5x-4} - \sqrt{x}}{x-1}$$
 is

- (1) 3
- (2) 2

- (1)  $\pi/2$  (2)  $\pi/4$  (3)  $i\pi/2$  (4)  $i\pi/4$

28. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[\log_7 X] =$$

- (1)  $\frac{1}{x}$  (2)  $X \log_7^6$  (3)  $\frac{1}{x} \log_6^7$  (4)  $\frac{1}{x} \log_7^6$

29. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[2\cosh x] =$$

- (1)  $\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$  (2)  $\frac{e^x e^{-x}}{2}$  (3)  $e^x + e^{-x}$  (4)  $e^x e^{-x}$

www.manaresults.co.in

$$30. \quad \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2} \right) \right] =$$

(1) 
$$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{-1}{1+x^2}$$

(1) 
$$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$$
 (2)  $\frac{-1}{1+x^2}$  (3)  $\frac{2}{1+x^2}$  (4)  $\frac{-2}{1+x^2}$ 

(4) 
$$\frac{-2}{1+x^2}$$

31. If 
$$x = at^2$$
,  $y = 2at$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ 

(1) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}}$$
 (2)  $\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$  (3)  $\sqrt{\frac{a}{x}}$  (4)  $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$ 

(2) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$$

(3) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{x}}$$

(4) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$$

32. The derivative of  $e^x$  with respect to  $\sqrt{x}$  is

(1) 
$$\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{e^x}$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c^x} \qquad (2) \quad 2\sqrt{x}e^x$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

33. The equation of the normal to the curve  $y = 5x^4$  at the point (1, 5) is

(1) 
$$x + 20y = 99$$

(1) 
$$x + 20y = 99$$
 (2)  $x + 20y = 101$  (3)  $x - 20y = 99$  (4)  $x - 20y = 101$ 

$$x - 20y = 101$$

34. The angle between the curves  $y^2 = 4x$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 5$  is

(1) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

(2) 
$$tan^{-1}(2)$$
 (3)  $tan^{-1}(3)$  (4)  $tan^{-1}(4)$ 

35. If 
$$u = x^3y^3$$
 then  $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y^3} =$ 

(1) 
$$6(x^3+y^3)$$

(2) 
$$6x^3y^3$$

$$(4)$$
  $6y^3$ 

36.  $\left| \operatorname{cosec} x \, dx \right| =$ 

(1) 
$$\log(\csc x + \cot x) + C$$

(2) 
$$\log(\cot x/2) + C$$

(3) 
$$\log (\tan x/2) + C$$

(4) 
$$-\csc x.\cot x + C$$

37. 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \cos^{11} x \, dx =$$

- (1)  $\frac{256}{693}$  (2)  $\frac{256\pi}{693}$  (3)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  (4)  $\frac{128}{693}$

38. 
$$\int f'(x)[f(x)]^n dx =$$

(1) 
$$\frac{[f(x)]^{n-1}}{n-1} + C$$
 (2)  $\frac{[f(x)]^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$  (3)  $n[f(x)]^{n-1} + C$  (4)  $(n+1)[f(x)]^{n+1} + C$ 

$$39. \quad \int \frac{dx}{(x+7)\sqrt{x+6}} =$$

(1) 
$$Tan^{-1}(\sqrt{x+6})+C$$

(2) 
$$2Tan^{-1}(\sqrt{x+6})+C$$

(3) 
$$Tan^{-1}(x+7)+C$$

(4) 
$$2Tan^{-1}(x+7)+C$$

40. 
$$\int \tan^{-1} x \, dx =$$

(1) 
$$x.Tan^{-1}x + \frac{1}{2}\log(1+x^2) + C$$
 (2)  $\frac{1}{1+x^2} + C$ 

(2) 
$$\frac{1}{1+x^2}+0$$

(3) 
$$x^2 Tan^{-1}x + C$$

(4) 
$$x.Tan^{-1}x - \log \sqrt{1+x^2} + C$$

41. 
$$\int \frac{dx}{1+e^{-x}} =$$

(1) 
$$\log(1+e^{-x})+C$$

42. 
$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin |x| \, dx =$$

- (2) 1

www.manaresults.co.in

- 43. Area under the curve  $f(x) = \sin x$  in  $[0, \pi]$  is
  - (1) 4 sq. units
- (2) 2 sq. units
- (3) 6 sq. units
- (4) 8 sq. units

- 44. The order of  $x^3 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 2x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 3y = x$  is
  - (1) 1
- (2) 4
- (3) 3

- 45. The degree of  $\left[ \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 \right]^{\frac{3}{2}} = a \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$  is
  - (1) 4
- (3) 1
- The family of straight lines passing through the origin is represented by the differential equation
  - (1) ydx + xdy = 0 (2) xdy ydx = 0 (3) xdx + ydy = 0 (4) xdx ydy = 0

- 47. The differential equitation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{ax + hy + g}{hx + hy + f} = 0$  is called
  - (1) Homogeneous (2) Exact
- (3) Linear
- (4) Legender
- 48. The solution of differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x^2} 2xy$  is
  - (1)  $y e^{-x^2} = x + c$  (2)  $y e^x = x + c$  (3)  $y e^{x^2} = x + c$

- 49. The complementary function of  $(D^3+D^2+D+1)y=10$  is
  - (1)  $C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + C_1 e^{-x}$
- (2)  $C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + C_4 e^x$
- (3) C, + C, cosx + C, sinx
- (4)  $(C_1 + C_2x + C_3x^2)e^x$
- 50. Particular Integral of  $(D-1)^4y = e^x$  is
- (2)  $\frac{x^4}{24}e^{-x}$  (3)  $\frac{x^4}{12}e^x$  (4)  $\frac{x^4}{24}e^x$

Set Code : 12 Booklet Code : A

# PHYSICS 51. Two quantities A and B are related by the relation A/B = m where m is linear mass density and A is

(2) same as that of pressure

(3) [M-L3T3]]

(4) same as that of momentum

(4) [M-1L-2T4]2]

force. The dimensions of B will be (1) same as that of latent heat

52. The dimensional formula of capacitance in terms of M, L, T and I is

(2) [ML-2T4]2]

53. If L m and n are the direction cosines of a vector, then

(3) same as that of work

(1) [ML<sup>2</sup>T<sup>2</sup>I<sup>2</sup>]

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward $\frac{1}{2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward linear momentu	(2) 90° g eastwards with The average accel rds north-west	a velocity o leration in the (2)	nis time is	(4) 60° seconds the velocity ards north-east	y changes to
article is moving $r^{-1}$ northwards. The sum of $r^{-1}$ $\sqrt{2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward $r^{-2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward linear momentum.	g eastwards with The average accel ds north-west	a velocity o leration in the (2)	f 5 ms <sup>-1</sup> . In 10 his time is zero	seconds the velocity	y changes to
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward $\frac{1}{2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward linear momentu	the average acceleds north-west	(2)	nis time is		y changes to
$\frac{1}{2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward	s north	(4)	500	ards north-east	
$\frac{1}{2}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> toward	s north	(4)	500	ards north-east	
linear momentu			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ ms <sup>-2</sup> tow	ards north-east	
	m of a namiala su				
ect?	m or a particle va	aries with ti	$\operatorname{me} t \operatorname{as} p = a + t$	bt+ct2 which of the	following i
Force varies wi	ith time in a quad	ratic manne	er.		
Force is time-d	lependent.				
The velocity of	f the particle is p	roportional	to time.		
The displaceme	ent of the particle	e is proport	ional to t.		
				to two pieces. One	part of mass
ν	(2) 2v	(3)	3v/4	(4) 4v/3	
		10-A			
	The displacem ell of mass m me emains stations	The displacement of the particle of mass m moving with a velo remains stationary. The velocity	The displacement of the particle is proported of mass $m$ moving with a velocity $\nu$ sudde temains stationary. The velocity of the other $\nu$ (2) $2\nu$ (3)	remains stationary. The velocity of the other part is $v$ (2) $2v$ (3) $3v/4$	The displacement of the particle is proportional to t.  ell of mass $m$ moving with a velocity $\nu$ suddenly explodes into two pieces. One remains stationary. The velocity of the other part is $ \nu = (2)  2\nu = (3)  3\nu/4 = (4)  4\nu/3 $

Set Code : Booklet Code :	T2
Booklet Code :	A

50	The	velocity of a	freely fal	ling body afte	r 2s is							
36.	(1)	9.8 ms <sup>-1</sup>	(2)	10.2 ms <sup>-1</sup>	(3)	18.6 ms <sup>-1</sup>	(4)	19.6 ms <sup>-1</sup>	×:			
59.	A la	rge number o ground on wh	f bullets a tich these	re fired in all o bullets will sp	firections read is	s with the same	speed a	. The maximu	m area on			
	(1)	$\frac{\pi u^2}{g^2}$	(2)	$\frac{\pi u^4}{g^2}$	(3)	$\frac{\pi u^2}{g^4}$	(4)	$\frac{\pi u}{g^4}$				
60.	The the	minimum sto	opping dis friction l	tance for a car between the ty	of mass res and t	m, moving wi the road is μ, v	th a spec vill be	d v along a lev	el road, if			
	(1)	$\frac{v^2}{2\mu g}$	(2)	$\frac{v^2}{\mu g}$	(3)	$\frac{v^2}{4\mu g}$	(4)	$\frac{v}{2\mu g}$				
61.		that it acts				n excreted by	55					
	(1)					and in the for						
	(2) In the forward direction on the front wheel and in the backward direction on the rear wheel											
	(3) In the backward direction on both the front and the rear wheels											
	(4) In the forward direction on both the front and the rear wheels											
62.	In a perfectly inelastic collision, the two bodies											
		strike and e		Carrier Control Houge	(2)	explode with	out strik	ing				
		implode an			(4)	combine and	move to	gether				
63.		Under the action of a constant force, a particle is experiencing a constant acceleration, then the power is										
	(1)	zero			(2)	\$100 CONTRACTOR (1990)						
	(3)	negative			(4)	increasing u	niformly	with time				

								Set	Code: T2	
								Booklet	Code : A	
64.	Con	sider the fol	lowing tw	o statements:						
	A:	Linear mo	mentum o	f a system of p	articles	is zero.				
	B:	Kinetic en	ergy of a	system of partic	cles is 2	ero.				
	The	n								
	(1)	A implies l	B & B imp	lies A	(2)	) A does not imply B & B does not imply A				
	(3)	A implies I	B but B do	es not imply A	(4)	A does i	not imply B t	out B impl	lies A	
55.		engine devel		V of power. Ho = 10 ms <sup>-2</sup> )	w muc	h time wi	ll it take to li	ift a mass	of 200 kg to a	
	(1)	4s	(2)	5s -	(3)	8s	(4)	10s		
66.	Ifas	spring has ti	me period	T, and is cut int	to n equ	al parts, t	hen the time	period wi	ill be	

(3) nT

67. When temperature increases, the frequency of a tuning fork

- (1) increases
- (2) decreases
- (3) remains same
- (4) increases or decreases depending on the materials

68. If a simple harmonic motion is represented by  $\frac{d^2x}{dy^2} + \alpha x = 0$ , its time period is

- (1)  $2\pi\sqrt{\alpha}$  (2)  $2\pi\alpha$  (3)  $\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$  (4)  $\frac{2\pi}{\alpha}$
- A cinema hall has volume of 7500 m<sup>3</sup>. It is required to have reverberation time of 1.5 seconds.
   The total absorption in the hall should be
  - (1) 850 w-m<sup>2</sup> (2) 82.50 w-m<sup>2</sup> (3) 8.250 w-m<sup>2</sup> (4) 0.825 w-m<sup>2</sup>

								Set Booklet	Code : T2
				U aabiah o	Etha fallowi	no are used			
70.				ii wiiich o	f the followi	Carpets, c	urtains		
	(1)	Glasses, st Polished st			13.05	Platforms			
71.	IfN	represents a	vagadro's	number, ti	nen the numb	er of mole	cules in 6 gr	n of hydr	ogen at NTP is
		2N	(2)	3N	(3)	N	(4)	N/6	
	12.10								TVie
72.	The	mean transl	ational kin	etic energ	y of a perfec	t gas mole	cule at the te	emperatu	re I K IS
	022277	$\frac{1}{2}kT$	(2)	LT	(3)	$\frac{3}{2}kT$	(4)	2kT	
	(1)	2 "	(2)	KI	(3)	2	No.	HOUR A	
					uhiah minan	ite tempers	ture by 1°C		
73.				o a body v	which raises (2)	thermal h	eat capacity		
	300000	water equi					ure gradient		
	(3)	specific he	eat		(4)	temperar	<b>D</b>		
74.	Dur	ing an adiab	atic proces	ss, the pre	ssure of a ga	s is found	to be propo	rtional to	the cube of it
	abse	olute temper	ature. The	ratio Cp/	Cv for gas is				
		3	(2)	4	(3)	2	(4)	5 3	
	(1)	2	(2)	3	(3)	2	(4)	3	
75	Cla	dding in the	ontical fib	er is main	ly used to				
120	(1)	to protect	the fiber f	rom mech	nanical stress	ses			
	(2)		the fiber f						
	(3)		the fiber fi		gth				
	(4)				romagnetic g				

Set Code : T2

Booklet Code : A

#### CHEMISTRY

	76.	The	valency electro	nic co	nfiguration of l	Phosphe	orous atom (At.)	No. 15	) is			
		(1)	3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>3</sup>	(2)	3s1 3p3 3d1	(3)	3s² 3p² 3d¹	(4)	3s1 3p2 3d2			
	77.	An	element 'A' of A	t.No.1	2 combines wit	h an ele	ment 'B' of At.N	0.17.	The compound for	ned is		
		(1)	covalent AB	(2)	ionic AB <sub>2</sub>	(3)	covalent AB <sub>2</sub>	(4)	ionic AB			
	78.	The	number of neut	rons p	resent in the ate	om of "	Ba <sup>137</sup> is					
			56	(2)	137	94	193	(4)	81			
	79.	Hyd	lrogen bonding	in wate	er molecule is r	esponsi	ble for					
		(1)	decrease in its	freezi	ng point	(2)	increase in its degree of ionization					
		(3)	increase in its	boilin	g point	(4)	decrease in its	boilin	g point			
	80.	In th	ne HCl molecule	, the b	onding between	n hydro	gen and chlorine	is				
		(1)	purely covaler	t (2)	purely ionic	(3)	polar covalent	(4)	complex coordin	ate		
	81.	Pota	ssium metal and	d notas	sium ions							
	5000	(1)				(2)	have the same	numbe	er of protons			
		(3) both react with chlorine gas							onic configuration	*		
	82.	stand	dard flask. 10 ml	of this	solution were p on. The concen	oipetted	out into another f of the sodium chl	lask ar oride	made upto 100 m nd made up with dis solution now is 0.25 M			
ġ	83.	Con	centration of a	.0 M	solution of pho	sphoric	acid in water is					
		(1)	0.33 N	(2)	1.0 N	(3)	2.0 N	(4)	3.0 N			
-	84.	Whi	ch of the follow	ing is	Lewis acid?		E					
		(1)	Ammonia	0E0		(2)	Berylium chlor	ide				
		(3)	Boron trifluor	ide		(4)	Magnesium ox	ide				
						14-A						

Set Code:	<b>T2</b>
Booklet Code :	A

85.	Whi	ch of the follow	ving co	nstitutes the co	mponen	ts of a buffer s	olution	?					
	(1)	Potassium chl	loride a	nd potassium h	ydroxide	3							
		(2) Sodium acetate and acetic acid											
	(3)			and sulphuric a	cid								
	(4)	Calcium chlo	ride and	l calcium aceta	te								
86.	Whi	ch of the follow	wing is	an electrolyte?	ě								
	(1)	Acetic acid	(2)	Glucose	(3)	Urea	(4)	Pyridine					
87.	Calc	culate the Stan	dard en	of the cell, (	Cd/Cd+2/	/Cu+2/Cu give	n that E	0 Cd/Cd+2 =	0.44V and				
-	Eº C	$Cu/Cu^{+2} = (-) 0.$	34 V.										
		(-) 1.0 V		1.0 V	(3)	(-) 0.78 V	(4)	0.78 V					
88.	A sc	olution of nick	el chlori	ide was electro	lysed us	ing Platinum e	electrod	les. After elec	trolysis,				
00.	(1)	nickel will be	deposi	ted on the anoc	de (2)	CL, gas will be liberated at the cathode							
	(3)	H, gas will be	e liberat	ted at the anode	(4)	nickel will be	deposi	ted on the ca	thode				
89.	337b	ich of the follo	wing m	etals will under	rgo oxid	ation fastest?			(8)				
09.		Cu	(2)	Li	(3)	Zinc	(4)	Iron					
90.	Wh	ich of the follo	wing ca	nnot be used fo	or the ste	rilization of d	rinking	water?					
90.	(1)		min B on		(2)	Calcium Oxy	chlorid	e					
	(3)		hloride	343	(4)	Chlorine wat							
91.		entes cample ch	owed it	to contain 1.20	mg/litr	e of magnesiur	n sulph	ate. Then, its	hardness in				
91.	A water sample showed it to contain 1.20 mg/litre of magnesium sulphate. Then, its hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalent is												
		1.0 ppm	(2)		(3)	0.60 ppm	(4)	2.40 ppm					
92.	Sou	da used in the I	-S proc	ess for softeni	ng of wa	ter is, Chemic	ally.						
74.	(1)	sodium bica	rhonate		(2)	sodium carb	onate de	ecahydrate					
	(3)	[[지원 [[] [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [			(4)		oxide (	40%)					
93	Th	e process of ce	mentati	on with zinc po	wder is	known as							
73		sherardizing		zincing	(3)	metal claddi	ng (4)	electropla	ting				
					15.4								

Set Code :	<b>T2</b>
Booklet Code :	A

94.	Car	rosion of a metal is fa	stest in				
	(1)	rain-water (2)	acidulated water	r(3)	distilled water	(4) de-ionise	d water
95.	Wh	ich of the following is	a thermoset poly	mer?			
	(1)	Polystyrene		(2)	PVC		
9.	(3)	Polythene		(4)	Urea-formaldehy	yde resin	
96.	Che	mically, neoprene is				40	
	(1)	polyvinyl benzene		(2)	polyacetylene		
	(3)	polychloroprene		(4)	poly-1,3-butadie	ne	
97.	Vul	canization involves he	ating of raw rubbe	rwith			
	(1)	selenium element		(2)	elemental sulphu	r	
	(3)	a mixture of Se and o	elemental sulphur	(4)	a mixture of seler	nium and sulph	ur dioxide
98.	Petr	ol largely contains					
	(1)	a mixture of unsatura	ated hydrocarbons	C,-	C,	ŭ.	
	(2)	a mixture of benzene	, toluene and xyle	ne			
	(3)						
	(4)	a mixture of saturate	d hydrocarbons C	6 - C8			
99.	Whi	ch of the following ga	ses is largely resp	onsit	ole for acid-rain?		
	(1)	SO <sub>2</sub> & NO <sub>2</sub>		(2)	CO2 & water vapo	our	
	(3)	CO2 & N2		(4)	N, & CO,		
					32 4-1 377		
100.	BOL	stands for					
	(1)	Biogenetic Oxygen D	emand	(2)	Biometric Oxyger	n Demand	
	(3)	Biological Oxygen D	emand	(4)	Biospecific Oxyg	en Demand	

Set Code : T2

Booklet Code : A

## COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

10	i. W	nich of the foll	lowing is	the first inte	grated log	gic family?				
		ECL		TTL	(3)		(4	) MOS		
102	2. W	at is the appro	ximate w	orst-case no	ise margir	n in TTL logi	c circuit?	84 0		
		400 mV		1 V	(3)	AND THE PERSON	(4			
103	. Wh	ich of the foll	owing is	the fastest in	tegrated l	ogic family?				
		ECL		TTL	(3)		(4)	CMOS		
104	. Wh	en is that the N	NAND lo	gic gate can f	unction a	s a NOT logi	c gate?	7		
	(1)	One input is			(2)	One input is set to '1'				
	(3)	Inputs are le	ft open		(4)	Inputs are c				
105	. Wh	at logic function?	on is prod	uced when an	inverter i	s added to ea	ch input a	nd the output	of an AND	
	(1)	NAND	(2)	XOR	(3)	OR	(4)	NOR		
106	. Wh	at is the simpli	fied form	of the giver	Boolean	expression:	(X + Y +	XY) (X + Z)?	į.	
100		X+Y+Z				X+YZ		XZ+Y		
107	Give	e the effective	combina	tion for a Ma	ster slave	flip-flop:	*			
	(1)	An SR flip-f	lop and a	D flip-flop	(2)	An SR flip-	flop and a	T flip-flop		
	(3)	A T flip-flop	and a D	flip-flop		Two T flip-f				
108.	How	many flip-flo	ps are re	quired to divi	ide the ing	out frequency	by 64?			
	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	7		
109.	Whi	ch is the first	micropro	cessor introd	uced by t	he Intel Corp	oration?			
		2002		4004		8008	(4)	8080		
110.	The	8086 micropro	ocessor h	as a	bit	data bus and	a	bit address	bus.	
	(1)			8, 16		16, 16	(4)	16, 20		
					17-A				(CSE)	

								Booklet Code :	A
111	. 80	86 has a	t	ytes queue.				-	
		4		6	(3)	8	(4)	16	
112	. Th	e registers wh	ich are u	ised for the ac	ddress ca	alculations in	based in	ndexed addressing	mode
	(1)	BP & SI	(2)	BP & DI	(3)	BX & SI	(4)	BX/BP & SI/DI	
113.	Wh	ich of the foll	owing in	struction is us	ed for ur	conditional in	ump?		
		JMP		JUMP	(3)			GO	
114.	Ho	w is the imple	mentatio	n of the contr	ol sectio	n of Intel 808	6 micro	processor done?	
	(1)	Using micro	program	ming					
	(2)	Using nanop		200 (20) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (1					
	(3)			Microprogram	mmine a	nd Hard-wire	d decion		
	(4)	Using hard-	wired cor	ntrol in a rando	om mann	er .	u ucsigii:		
115.	Hov	v many condit	ional flas	rs are available	e in 8048	862			
	(1)		(2)		(3)		· (4)	16	
116.	Wha	nt address instr	ructions a	are used by a S	tack?				
		Zero		One		Two	. (4)	Three	
17.	Whi	ch is the addre	ssing mo	de where the	operand	is specified w	vithin the	instruction?	
	(1)			Indirect		Immediate		Register	
18.	EDR	AM indicates	6	727					
	(1)	Extended DR			(2)	Enhanced DR	AM		
	(3)	Electronic DI			(4)	Electrical DR	TO THE PARTY OF TH		
10		1 64 611				Sil			
		h of the follow		ches better wit	th DMA	I/O?			
		High Speed R	AM		(2)	Printer			
(	3)	ALU			(4)	Disk			

Set Code : T2

(CSE)

								Set Co	ie: T2			
							1	Booklet Coo	ie : A			
120.	Whi	ch of the followi	ing is	not a form of me	mory'	?		72				
	(1)	Translation loo			(2)	Instruction op	code					
		Instruction cac			(4)	Instruction re	gister					
121.	Whi	ch of the followi	ng is a	n advantage of v	irtual	memory?			7.0			
	(1)	Processes can l	be give	en priority								
	(2)	Programs large	r than	the physical mer	mory:	size can be run						
	(3)	Faster access to	mem	ory on an averag	ge							
	(4)	Linker can assig	n addr	esses independent	of wh	ere the program	will be lo	aded in physic	al memory.			
122.	Whi	ch of the followi	ing is a	in advantage of n	nemo	ry interlacing?		×.				
	(1)	A large memor	y is ob	stainted								
		A non-volalite										
		The cost of the										
	(4)	Effective speed	d of th	e memory is inc	reased	i						
123.	Whi	ch of the follow	ing de	vices should be g	iven l	higher priority	in assig	ning interrup	ts?			
	(1)	Printer	(2)	Floppy disk	(3)	Keyboard	(4)	Hard disk	12			
124.	addressing mode permits relocation without any change to the code.											
	(1)	Base register	3.5		(2)							
	(3)	Relative			(4)	Indirect						
125.	Bety	ween what comp	onents	of a Computer d	oes ar	I/O processor	control	the flow of in	formation?			
	(1)	I/O devices and			(2)	I/O devices a	nd Mair	memory				
	(3)	Two I/O device	es	hannaut restriction	(4)	Main memor	y and C	ache memory	100			
126.	Wh	at 'C' command	which	is used to free th	ne allo	cated memory	?					
		Dispose		Free	(3)	Deallocate	. (4)	Refresh				
127.	. In o	rder to realize dy	namic	memory allocate included?	ion by	using function	s like m	alloc, calloc	and realloc,			
		string.h		stdiomemory.h	(3)	stdio.h	(4)	stdlib.h				
					19-A				(CSE)			

12	8. W	hat does 'stderr'	in C la	anguage stands f	or?				
	(1)				(2)	Standard erro	r type:	s	
	(3)	Standard erro	r defi	nitions	(4)			15.06	
129	9. WI	nat is the output	of the	following 'C' co	ode?			120	
	ma	in()							
		{							
		static char	a[]='	"ECET12";					1000
		char * b = *	ECE	Γ12";					
		printf("\n%	d %d	", sizeof(a), size	of(b));				
		}			(5)(53)				
	(1)	a = 7, b = 2	(2)	a = 2, b = 7	(3)	a = 7, b = 6	(4)	a = 7, b = 8	
120	117				250			•	
130		at is the purpose							4
	(1)			ons to the startin		ne file			
	(2)			ons to the end of					
	(3)			ons to the startin					
	(4)	file pointer rep	ositio	ons starting of th	e word	1			
131.	The	total number of	nodes	in a binary tree	with '	n' leaves is			
	(1)			2n		2n-1	(4)	2n-2	
132.	A to	ee is special case	e of a	graph which cor	nsists o	of nu	mber	of cycles.	
	(1)		(2)		(3)	100-100	(4)		
133.	A he	ap allows a very	effic	ient implementa	tion of	îa .			
	(1)			Queue		Priority queue	(4)	Tree	
134.	If the	postorder trave d return what?	ersing	of a tree results	in C F	EDBJIHG	A; the	n the preorder to	raversal
	(1)	ABDCEFGHIJ	(2)	ABCDEFGHIJ	(3)	ABCDEFHGIJ	(4)	ABCDFEGHIJ	
				20	20-A				(CCE)
						*)			(CSE)

Set Code :	T2
Booklet Code :	A

135.	Whi	ch data structure	allow	s deletion at bot	h end	s of the list but in	sertio	n at only one er	nd?				
	(1)	Input-restricted	dequ	c	(2)	Output-restricte	ed deq	ue					
		Priority queue	2.7		(4)	Circular queue							
136.		, lower is	not n	resent in the TC	P/IP r	eference model.							
130.	-	1100		Session	(3)	Internet	(4)	Application					
		Transport			11/2/2000								
137.		is the I	rotoc	ol Data Unit (PD	U) us	ed at the network	laye	r of the OSI mo	del.				
-		Segment		Frame	(3)	Packet	(4)	Bits					
138.	Whi	ch layer in the (	SI ref	ference model ta	kes th	e responsibility of	of flow	v control?					
55.7		Application la			(2)	Transport layer							
		Network layer			(4)	Session layer							
139	Ø	are the devices that operate at the network layer of the OSI model for forwarding											
	the	packets over WA		50.5									
	(1)	Hubs	(2)	Bridges	(3)	Switches	(4)	Routers					
140	. Wh	at does SMTP st	and fo	r?					T.				
	(1)			ansfer protocol	(2)								
	9.00	Simple mail to			(4)	Simple messag	ge trar	sfer protocol					
141	. Ide	ntity the class of	the IP	address given in	the b	inary representat	ion be	elow:					
		Α		В		C	(4)	D					
142	Wh	ich of the folloy	ving st	atement is typica	ılly FA	LSE about Ether	mets?						
	(1)	Ethernets use	circui	t switching to se	nd me	ssages							
	0.00	Ethernets are	uced in	providing phys	ical ac	idress							
	(2)	Ethernet austor	ale neo	a collision-detecti	on met	thod to ensure that r	nessag	ges are transmitte	d properly.				
	(3)	National	manta	d by Ethernete or	e limi	ted in length to a	few h	undred meters.					
	(4)	Networks cor	mecte	a by Edicines a									
									(CSE)				

								Booklet Co	ode: A
143		acts as	security l	ouffer between	n a compa	any's private net	work a	nd all extern	al networks.
	(1)	Firewall			(2)	Password			
	(3)	Disaster rec	covery pla	an	(4)	Virus checker			4
144.	Hov	v many bytes	are used	by the Class *1	B' IP add	resses to represe	ent the	Host and No	twork IDs?
		1,3		2,3		2,2		3,1	thork ibs.
	(.,	1,5	(2)	-10	(3)	2,2	(4)	3,1	
145.	_	pr	otocol is	used for remo	ote login	purpose.			
	(1)	Telnet	(2)	HTTP	(3)	FTP	(4)	SMTP	
146.	Wha	at is meant by	a Proces	s?			. 1		
10000	(1)				guage an	d stored on the	lisk		
	(2)	(1)T#)		_	Pare Pera	a stored on the c	11314		
	(3)			condary mem	iory				
	(4)	2.5		main memory					
	190					Support Control Vision (Little			
147.			m cannot	boot if the _	1009000	_ is not available	on it.		
	(1)	Loader			(2)	Linker			
	(3)	Interpreter			. (4)	Operating Syst	em		
148.	Wha	t is the use of	Job Con	trol Language	(JCL) st	atements?			
	(1)	Allocate the	CPU to	a job					
	(2)	Read the inp	out from o	ne device to a	another d	evice			
	(3)	Inform the C	S, the sta	art and end of	a job in a	batch			
	(4)	For managin	ng the men	mory					
149.	Whi	ch strategy al	lows the	processes that	are logic	cally runnable to	be ter	nporarily su	spended?
	(1)	Shortest Job	First		(2)	First come Firs	t serve	ed	

Set Code : T2

(CSE)

22-A

(4) Round Robin

(3) Non-preemptive scheduling

Set Code :	T2
Booklet Code :	A

150.		algorith	nm ex	ecutes the sho	rtest job	first that has ent	ered t	he queue of job	s.
		FIFO		SJF	(3)	Round Robin		(4) LIFO	
	-					eily avoided by			
151.	6000		e file s	system can be		rily avoided by _ CPU schedulin			
	1000	Thrashing			0.550.00	L/O devices sch		a :	
	(3)	Compaction			(4)	LO devices sen	cuum	8	
152.		at is a page fault?							
	(1)	An error that o	ccurs	while a progra	m acces	ses a page in the	memo	ry	
	(2)	An access to a	page t	hat is currently	y not ava	ilable in the men	nory		
	(3)	A reference to	a pag	e of another pr	rogram				
	(4)	An error which	is pa	ge specific			38		
153.	Bela	dy's Anomaly is	a beh	aviour of	pa	ge replacement	algorit	hm.	
9,5,510		Optimal		LRU	(3)	Circular FIFO	(4)	FIFO	177
154	Wh	at is the special s	oftwa	re used to crea	te a job	queue?			
		Device driver				Linker	(4)	Loader	
155	WK	ich of the follow	ina de	vices has the h	niohest a	ccess time?			
		Floppy Disk	D oc		(2)		00		
		Associative Me	emory			Main memory			
	1-1		2010010#		100	- Parameter and the second			
156.	Rela	ational database	is a gr	roup of					
	(1)	Fields	(2)	Records	(3)	Tables	(4)	Packages	
157.	The	best way to clas	sify th	ne data models	is by th	e degree of			
200		difficulty		abstraction			(4)	unification	
						4 (E)			
158.	Hie	rarchical databas	se is n	ot efficient wh			61.		
	(1)	security			00000000	large amounts		V	
	(3)	large number o	of tran	sactions	(4)	1:M relationsh	ips		6111
									(CEE

Set Code :	T2
Booklet Code :	A
Booklet Code :	A

159	. Wh	ich of the folle	owing i	s a Date functi	on in SQ	L?			
	(1)	SYSDATE			(2)	SYS DAT	Œ		
	(3)	SYSTEM_D	ATE		(4)	CURREN	T_DATE		
160	. Wh	at needs to be	created are work	if Kishan is wo	orking w	ith an emplo	yee table a	and wants to fir	d out how
	(1)	Create a nev	v table		(2)	Create a n	ew query		
	(3)	Create a nev	v form		(4)	Utilize the	database	wizard	
161	. А п	ormal form v	vhich is	sufficient for	r the co	nsideration	of a relati	onal database	design is
	(1)	BCNF	(2)	5 NF	(3)	4 NF	(4)	3 NF	
162	Wh	ich of the follo	wing ty	pe of JOIN is	not used	in SQL?			
	(1)	Inner join	(2)	Outer join	(3)	Equi-join	(4)	Non Equi-jo	in
163.	Abb	reviate SQL;							
	(1)	Systematic Q	uery La	inguage	(2)	Structured	Query Lar	nguage	
	(3)	Structural Qu	iery Lar	iguage	(4)	Simple Qu	500		
164.	Wha	at is the comma	and use	d in SQL to rer	nove rov	v(s) from a g	iven table	?	
		DELETE		DROP	(3)		(4)	REMOVE	
165.	Whe	re is the 'HAV	ING'cl	ause of SQL u	sed for q	uerying?			
				than columns					
	(2)	Used for colu	imns rat	ther than rows					
	(3)	Used for grou	ips rath	er than rows					
	(4)	Used for row	s rather	than groups					
166.	If du	plicate rows an	e to be a	voided in the q	ueried ou	itput using a	SELECTS	tatement, what	qualifier
	(1)	DEFINITE	(2)	DISTINCT	(3)	DISJOINT	(4)	UNIQUE	
				873	24-A	1017			(CSE)

								Transcription of the Control	7834
								Set Code :	
				*				Booklet Code :	A
67.	Sele	ct one equivalent	SQL	statement for the	e give	n query:			
	SEL	ECT EMP_NAM	EFR	OM EMPLOYER	EWH	ERE PLACE = 'F	IYD'	;	
		SELECT EMP_							
	(2)	SELECT EMP_	NAM	E IN EMPLOYE	E WI	HERE PLACE IN	('HY	'D');	
	(3)	SELECT EMP_							
	(4)	SELECT EMP_	NAM	E IN EMPLOYE	E WI	HERE PLACE = '	HYD	)');	
68.	In S	QL what comma	nd is	used to get sorted	outp	ut of a given quer	y		
	(1)	GROUPBY	(2)	ORDER BY	(3)	SORTBY	(4)	ARRANGEBY	
69.	Mul	ti-valued depende	encie	s should	ь	e eliminated.			
		Never	7				(4)	Frequency	
70	DR	OP statement in S	OI.h	elones to which o	catego	ory statement			
70.		DML statement					(4)	TCL statement	60
71.		storage c	lass i	s not supported b	ov C+	+ compiler.			
	(1)			Register			(4)	Mutable	
72.		feature is	not a	at all supported b	y the	C++ compiler.			
	CONC	Operate overloa		ALCOHOLOGICA CARROLINA - DE VENE		Exception hand	ling		
		Reflection			(4)	Namespaces			
73.		keyword	supp	orts dynamic met	thod r	resolution in C++			
	(1)	Abstract	- PF		(2)	Virtual			
	(3)	Dynamic			(4)	Typeid			
74.		ch of the following	ng sh	ould be used to a			in C	++1	
		Dot operator			2110211	Member name			
	(3)	An index number	r	40	(4)	Function name			
				,	S.A	**			(CSI

								Booklet Coo	de : A
175	. WI	hat is meant by o	perato	r overloadin	g in C++?				
	(1)	It is creating	new op	erations					
	(2)	It is creating a	new fu	nctions					
	(3)	It is giving ne	w mea	nings to exis	sting C++	operators			
	(4)	It is loading n	ultipl	e operators i	nto a give	n function			
176	. w	hat is meant by C	:++ pu	re virtual fur	nction?				
	(1)	A function wh	ich ha	s no body					
	(2)	A function wh	ich ret	urns no valu	e				
	(3)	A function wh	ich is	never used is	n a base cl	ass			
	(4)	A function wh	ich is	difficult to e	xplain		12		
177.	In C	C++ what does re	edirect	tion perform					
	(1)	It redirects a f	ile fro	m a device to	o a stream	1			
	(2)	It redirects a s	tream	from a file t	o a conso	le		•	
	(3)	It redirects a d	levice	from the scr	een to a fi	ile			
	(4)	It redirects the	scree	n from a dev	ice to a st	tream	•		
178.	Tov	which class of st	ream o	loes 'cout' o	bject in C	++ belong to?			
	(1)	stringstream	(2)	istream	(3)	ostream	(4)	ifstream	
179.	Wh	ich of the follow	ing is	used by an o	object to n	efer to itself?			
	(1)	this	(2)	itself	(3)	self	(4)	own	
80.	In C	++ when no account inheritance to	cess sp	ecifier is ex	plicitly m	entioned for th	ne base	class,	is the
		Public	(2)	Private .	(3)	Internal	(4)	Protected	
81.	In C	++, name mang	ling is	used to supp	oort the fe	ature called			
	(1)	Overloading	(2)	Overriding	(3)	Data Hiding	(4)	Abstraction	

Set Code : T2

(CSE)

26-A

								Set	Code: T2			
								Booklet (	Code : A			
82.	Whi	ich of the following	operat	ors in C++	cannot	be overloaded?	507 507					
	(1)	Assignment	*	=	(2)	Equality -	*	**				
	(3)	Scope resolution	*	. ::	(4)	Arrow	*	->				
83.		cannot be	decla	red as a ten	nplate i	n C++						
	(1)	Classes			(2)	Member func	tions					
	(3)	Global functions			(4)	Macros						
84.	Whi	ich of the following	Inherit	ance mech	anisms	is not supported	in Jav	/a .				
575.00	(1)	Single level			(2)	Multiple level						
	(3)	Multi level ·			(4)	All the above						
185.	(1) (2)	ass X is friend of cla Class X is friend o Class Z is friend o Class X and Class Class Y is a mutua	f Class f Class Z do n	s Z s X ot have any	friend	relationships	nich of	the following	ing is correct?			
86.	Wha	at is the output of the	follov	wing given	Java co	de:						
		public class Ecet {										
		public static void r			) {							
		new Ecet().go("hel	1000									
		new Ecet().go("hel	lo", "w	ord", 2);								
		}										
		<pre>public void go (string y, int x) { System.out.print(y[y.length - 1] + " ");</pre>										
		System.out.print(y	[y.leng	th - 1 J + ""	);							
		,										
	(1)	hhe (2	) he	llo world	(3)	world world	(4)	compilat	ion fails			
	(1)	ii iie (2	, 110	no world	(3)	morra morra	,	Jumphin				

27-A

Set Code :	T2
Booklet Code :	A

- 187. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
  - (1) At once, more than two threads may possibly end up in deadlock.
  - (2) The JVM implementation guarantees that multiple threads cannot enter into a deadlocked state.
  - (3) Deadlocked threads release once their sleep() method's sleep duration has expired.
  - (4) Deadlocking can occur only when the wait(), notify(), and notifyAll() methods are used incorrectly.
- 188. Fill up the blank with one of the following statements for the given Java code which allows Ecet class to compile: class Navigation{ public enum Direction {North, South, East, West}

) public class Ecet{

}

- (1) Direction d = North;
- (2) Navigation.Direction d = Navigation.Direction.North;
- (3) Direction d = Direction. North;
- (4) Navigation.Direction d = North;
- 189. What is the output of the given Java code below? interface TestA { String to String();}

public class Test {
public static void main (String[] args) {
System.out.println(new TestA() {
public String to String() { return "test";}}

}); }

- (1) test
- (2) null
- (3) An exception is thrown at runtime
- (4) Compilation fails because of an error in line 1

(CSE)

Set Code : T2
Booklet Code : A

		0.00									P 41
190.	Given the following Java code,			car	can directly access and change the value of the						
	varia	ble name?							36		
		package exam	G.								
		class Ecet {									
		public String	name = '	'hello";							
		}					12035				
	(1)	any class			(2)	only th			2000		
	(3)	any class in th	(4)	any cla	ss that	extends	Ecet				
191.	Wha	t is the output	of the fo	llowing Jav	va code?						
		public class E	cetStrir	ng1 {							
		public static v			rgs) {						
		String str = "4	20":								
		str+=42:		35							
		System.out.p	rint(str)								
		}									
		}			10000						
	(1)	42	(2)	420	(3)	42042		(4)	462		
192	Giv	en the followin	g Java c	ode below,	what is the	output?					
		int $a = 0$ ;									
	4	int $b = 10$ ;									
		do {									
		b;									
		++a;									
		} while (a<5	);								
		symtem.out.j		","+b);		H					
	(1)	5,6	(2)	5,5	(3)	6,5		(4)	6,6		
193	Wh	at is a Web Bro	wser?								
	(1)	A compiler which compiles high level language programs									
	(2)	A compiler which compiles low level language programs									
	(3)	An interprete	er which	helps to vie	w and nav	igate thre	ough w	eb page	S		
	(4)	A loader pro	gram w	hich connec	ets to the op	erating	system				
	(.)	P.V.			29-A					240	(CSE)

Set Code :	<b>T2</b>	
Booklet Code :	A	

194	Wh	ich of the follo	wing is	not a Web Brov	wer?				
	(1)	Mozilla Fire	ox	i i	(2)	Apple Safari		19	
	(3)	Google Chro	me		(4)	You Tube			
195.	Whi	ich protocol is	used to	connect to Inte	met?	1.			
	(1)			FTP	(3)	ICMP	(4)	IP	
196.	Whi	ich HTML tag	is used t	for indicating lo	ng quot	tations?			
	(1)	CACA!		blockquote		label	(4)	style	
							- 32		
197.	Whi	ich of the follo	wing sta	atements is com	rect abo	ut VBScript?			
	(1)	It is an applic	ation-s	ecific program	ming la	nguage like LIS	P		
	(2)	It is client-sic	le scrip	ing language					
	(3)	It is not a Wel	Brow	ser firendly lang	guage				
0.5	(4)	It is not an ac	tive scri	pting language					
198.		ch VBscript bu the end of the			positio	n of the occurrer	ice of c	one string withi	n another,
	(1)	InStr	(2)	String	(3)	InStrRev	(4)	StrComp	
199	Whi	ch of the follow	vino is	an ASP object?					
		AdRotator	(2)	Server	(3)	BrowserCap	(4)	Content Link	ino
	(1)	Aukotatoi	(2)	Berver	(3)	Diowsercup	(+)	Coment Emin	6
200.	Whi	ch of the follow	ving is	an ASP compor	nent?				
	(1)	Response	(2)	Request	(3)	Application	(4)	Content Rota	ator
								85	

D-A (CSE