R13 Code No: 114CO JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech II Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2017 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (Common to CSE, IT) Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75 Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub-questions. PART - A (25 Marks) What is DBMS? What are the goals of DBMS? 1.a) [2] Explain about DDL and DML languages. b) [3] Explain views in SQL language. c) [2] d) Explain domain relational calculus. [3] e) Define loss less join decomposition with example. [2] f) What is the difference between 3NF and BCNF? [3] g) What is locking Protocol? [2] When are two schedules conflict equivalent? What is conflict serializable schedule? h) Why are tree-structure indexes are good for searches, especially range selections. [2] i) j) What is the main difference between ISAM and B+ tree indexes? [3] PART-B (50 Marks) What are the main components in a DBMS and briefly explain what they do. 2.a) b) Explain the following: i) View of Data ii) Data Abstraction iii) Instances and Schemas. [5+5]OR Develop ER-Diagram for a hospital with a set of patients and a set of medical 3.a) doctors. Associated with each patient a log of the various tests and examinations conducted. What is relation? Differentiate between a relation schema and relation instance define the b) term arity and degree of a relation? What are domain constraints? [5+5]4.a) Explain the fundamental operations in relational algebra with examples. b) Explain the following Operators in SQL with examples: i) SOME ii) IN iii) EXCEPT iv) EXISTS OR Let R=(ABC) and S=(DEF) let r(R) and s(S) both relations on schema R and S. Give an 5.a) expression in the Tuple relational calculus that is equivalent to each of the following. i) $\sigma_{B=19}(r)$ ii) $\prod_{A,F,} (\sigma_{C=D}(\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s}))$ iii) r∩s What are integrity constraints? Define the terms primary key constrains and foreign key b) constraints. How are these expressed in SQL?

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26	 6.a) What is normalization? What are the conditions are required for a relation to be in 2NF, 3NF and BCNF explain with examples. b) Compute the closer of the following set of functional dependencies for a relation scheme. R(A,B,C,D,E) F={A→BC,CD→E, B→D,E→A} List out the candidate keys of R. 						2
26	b) Compute R(A,B,C, List the c	the closer of the D,E,F,G,H), F andidate keys of ransaction? Expla	following set of ={ AB→C, BD-R.	functional dependence FEF, AD G,A-	dencies for a rela →H} ctions.	ition scheme.	2
26	b) Explain the Check point log based recovery scheme for recovering the database. [5+5] OR 9.a) Describe the steps in crash recovery in ARIES. b) Explain the Time Stamp - Based Concurrency Control protocol. [5+5] 10.a) Explain Deletion and insertion operations in ISAM with examples. b) How does Extendable hashing use a directory of buckets? How does it handles insert and delete operations. [5+5]						2
26	11.a) Explain h b) Explain d	ow insert and del eletion and insert	ete operations ar ion operation in	B+ trees.	atic hash index.	[5+5] 26	2
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