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[5252]-104
S.E. Civil (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2017

## SURVEYING

(2012 PATTERN)
Time : Two Hours
Maximum Marks : 50

1. (a) Enlist the methods of plane table surveying. Give two limitations of each method.
(b) Following readings were observed during a reciprocal leveling with one level.
[6]

| Instrument at | Staff Readings on |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | P | Q |  |
|  | 0.656 | 2.097 | Distance between |
| P | 0.867 | 2.298 | A and B is 950 m |

Find :
(a) the true R.L. of B , if R.L. of $\mathrm{A}=378.650 \mathrm{~m}$.
(b) the combined correction due to curvature and refraction.
(c) the error in the collimation adjustment of the instrument. Or
2. (a) Find the included angles of the closed traverse PQRSTP and correct them for the corrections, if any.
[7]

| Line | PQ | QR | $\mathbf{R S}$ | ST | TP |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F.B. | $242^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $89^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | $70^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $292^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | $20^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| B.B. | $63^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $270^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $250^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $112^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | $198^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |

(b) The eye of an observer is 7 m above the sea level. He was able to see the top of a light-house 42 m high just at the P.T.O.
level of the horizon. Determine the distance of the observer from the light house.
3. (a) Explain the following terms :

Vertical axis, Horizontal axis, Optical Plumet, Telescope normal.
(b) Two tangents intersect at chainage of 1000 m with deflection angle of $55^{\circ}$. Calculate the chainage of T1 \& T2, Length of long chord (L), Degree of curve (D), Apex distance, Mid ordinate distance, for setting out a curve with radius of 400 m .[6]

## Or

4. (a) ABCDA is a closed traverse. Determine the missing data in the following table :

| Line | AB | BC | CD | DA |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Length (m) | 230.5 | 250.2 | --- | 427 |
| Bearing | $\mathrm{N} 36^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ | $\mathrm{S} 82^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ | --- | $\mathrm{N} 82^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ |

(b) What are transition curves ? Give its necessity.
5. (a) Enlist various permanent adjustments of a theodolite. Explain procedure to correct any one.
(b) A tacheometer with constants $\mathrm{K}=100, \mathrm{C}=0.3$ was used to observe the following readings :
Instrument at Staff at Vertical angle Staff Readings

|  | P | $+5^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $1.355,2.580,3.935$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Q | $-4^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $0.985,1.660,2.335$ |

Determine the RL of Q. Take R.L. of $P=100.000 \mathrm{~m}$. Also determine distance PQ if horizontal angle $\mathrm{PAQ}=60^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$. Or
6. (a) Explain the procedure to find techeometric constants on field.
(b) Derive the distance and elevation formulae for an inclined line of sight with angle of elevation and staff is vertical.
(c)

| Instrumentat | Staff at | Distance $(\mathrm{m})$ | Vertical Angle | Cross hair reading |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | A | 80 | $2^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $1.325,2.122$ |
| P | B | 140 | $1^{\circ} 36^{\prime}$ | $0.985,2.382$ |

Determine the techeometric constants from the given data.[4]
7. (a) What is total station ? What are the types of total station ?
(b) Describe the method of laying alignment of drainage line.[7] Or
8. (a) Explain the procedure for survey project on sanitary scheme.[6]
(b) Write a short note on the features of ETS.

