Seat	
No.	

[5057]-237

## S.E. (Electrical) (II Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2016 ELECTRICAL MACHINES—I (2012 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- **N.B.** :— (i) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
  - (iii) Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.
  - (iv) Use suitable data if necessary.
- 1. (a) O.C. and S.C. test has been conducted on 200/400 V, 1-ph transformer:
  - O.C. Test: 200V, 0.8A, 80W ...... on L.V. side
  - S.C. Test: 15V, 10A, 100W ...... on H.V. side

Calculate:

- (i) No load current components.
- (ii) Equivalent resistance and reactance referred on primary (L.V.) side.
- (b) With neat connection diagram, explain the procedure to conduct polarity test on 1-ph transformer. [6]

Or

2. (a) Explain V-V connection and obtain the relation between V-V capacity to delta-delta capacity. Also state advantages and disadvantages of this connection. [7]

P.T.O.

		load at:
		(i) lagging p.f.
		(ii) leading p.f.
3.	(a)	Explain the speed control of d.c. series motor by various flux
		control methods. [6]
	<i>(b)</i>	A 9 kW, 200 V, 4 pole dc series motor with 800 wave connected
		conductors draws a current of 50 A. The flux per pole is
		25 mWb and armature circuit resistance is 0.5 $\Omega$ .
		Calculate: [6]
		(i) arm torque
		(ii) shaft torque.
		Or
4.	(a)	Obtain the emf equation of d.c. generator. [6]
	<i>(b)</i>	What is commutation ? What are the causes of bad
		commutation ? Explain remedial measures on it. [6]
<b>5.</b>	(a)	Compare squirrel cage rotor and wound rotor. [6]
	( <i>b</i> )	A 3-ph, 8-pole, 50 Hz induction motor runs at 720 rpm at
		full load. The rotor resistance per phase is 0.01 $\Omega$ and standstill
		reactance/ph is $0.1 \Omega$ . Calculate:
		(i) ratio of max. torque to full load torque
		$(ii)$ speed at $T_{max}$ .
		Or
6.	(a)	Obtain the torque equation of 3-ph induction motor at running
		condition. [6]
[505	57]-237	2

Sketch and explain phasor diagram of transformer on

(*b*)

- (b) Obtain the relationship between rotor Cu loss and rotor gross output in terms of slip of 3-ph induction motor. [6]
- 7. (a) With neat connection diagrams, explain the procedure to conduct no load test and blocked rotor test on 3-ph induction motor. [6]
  - (b) Draw the circle diagrams, showing all the quantities and explain the procedure how to draw it. [7]

Or

- 8. (a) What is the necessity of starter for 3-ph induction motor? Explain star-delta starter. [7]
  - (b) Explain the testing of 3-ph induction motor by I.S.-325. [6]