

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P3238

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5353] - 101

T.E. Civil

**HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING
(2012 Pattern)**

Time :2½ hours]

[Max. Marks :70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q.No. 4, Q.No. 5 or Q.No.6, Q. No. 7 or Q. No.8, Q.No. 9 or Q.No. 10.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

Q1) a) How hydrology plays important role in all disciplines of science. [5]

b) Explain isohyetal method with neat sketch. [5]

OR

Q2) a) State the formula to calculate optimum number of raingauges.Explain the terms in the formula. [5]

b) Explain methods to improve duty. [5]

Q3) a) Differentiate between furrow irrigation and Drip irrigation system. [5]

b) Explain with neat sketch automatic gauge to determine the stage of river and also state the advantages of this gauge. [5]

OR

Q4) a) Derive the formula to calculate discharge of a well in a unconfined aquifer. [6]

b) State various types of tube wells and explain construction of Slotted Type tube well. [4]

P.T.O.

- Q5) a)** What is hydrograph? Explain all the parts of the typical hydrograph. Explain fern shaped catchment. [8]
- b)** Maximum values of 24hr precipitation (mm) at a Rainguage station are 140, 113, 132, 115, 130, 118, 127, 123, 121. Estimate maximum and minimum precipitation having a recurrence interval of 5 and 15 years. Use Hazen's Method. [10]

OR

- Q6) a)** What is S - Curve hydrograph? Explain its construction with sketch.[8]
- b)** In a 10 hr storm rainfall depths occurred over a the catchment are [10]

Hour	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Depths (cm/hr)	1	1.5	5	6	10.5	8.5	9	7	1.5	1.5

Surface runoff resulting from the storm is equivalent to 20 cm of depth over the catchment. Determine (i) Average infiltration, and (ii) Average rate of infiltration.

- Q7) a)** Explain how will you fix the capacity of reservoir using annual inflow and outflow. [8]
- b)** Explain fixation of reservoir capacity using elevation capacity curve and dependable yield. [8]

OR

- Q8) a)** What are various reservoir losses. What are various measures to control these losses. [8]
- b)** What is reservoir sedimentation? What is the significance of trap efficiency? Explain with neat sketch. [8]

- Q9) a)** Write a note on ancient system of water distribution which still exist in North Maharashtra. [8]
- b)** Explain Global Water partnership. (GWP) [8]

OR

- Q10)a)** What is water logging? Explain tile drain method and also state formula for spacing of tile drains. [8]
- b)** Drawa neat section for lift irrigation scheme and state various components of lift irrigation scheme. Explain various design steps in lift irrigation system. [8]

