Total No. of Questions: 8] P2390 [475			SEAT No.:	
		[4758]-549	[Total No. of Pages : 3	
	T.	E. (Electrical)		
ELE	CTRICAL INSTALLA	ATION, MAINTEN	NANCE & TESTING	
	(2012 C	Course) (End - Sem	.)	
Time: 2½ Hours]			[Max. Marks :70	
Instructi	ons to the candidates:			
1)	Answer Q.No.1 or 2, Q.No.3 or 4, Q.No.5 or 6, Q.No.7 or 8.			
2)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.			
3)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.			
4)	Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculand steam tables is allowed.		electronic pocket calculator	
5)	Assume suitable data, if nec	essary.		
Q1) a)	Explain the following m	aintenance strategies:	[8]	
	i) Corrective mainter	nance		
	ii) Predictive mainten	ance		

OR

Write a short note on Degree of polymerization.

State the Induction motor fault parameters.

b)

c)

Q2) a) What is condition based maintenance? State its advantages. [8]

b) State the reasons for the Insulation Degradation. [6]

c) Write a short note on Infrared Thermography in relation with condition monitoring of Induction motor. [6]

P.T.O.

[6]

[6]

Write a trouble shooting chart of transformer. [8] **Q3)** a) State the various failure modes of power cables and explain any one b) fault diagnostic test to be conducted on power cables. [8] OR Explain the various abnormal condition in Induction Motor. [8] **Q4)** a) Write a short note on testing of capacitor Bank. b) [8] Differentiate between *Q5*) a) [8] Feeder & Distributor i) ii) Overhead Line & Underground line. A 1Φ a.c distributor AB 300 m long is fed from end A and is loaded b) under [10] i) 100 A at 0.707 pf lagging 200m from pt. A. ii) 200 A at 0.8 pf lag 300m from pt. A.

The load resistance and reactance of the distributor is 0.2Ω and 0.1Ω per KM. Calculate the total voltage drop in the distributor. The load pf refer to the voltage at the far end.

OR

- **Q6)** a) Explain the general design consideration of the Distribution feeder. [8]
 - b) A two conductor cable 1Km long is required to supply a constant current of 200A throughout the year. The cost of cable including installation is Rs (20a+20)/ meter where 'a' is the area of the cross section of conductor in cm². The cost of energy is 5 paise/KWH and the interest and depreciation charges amount to 10%. Calculate the most economical conductor size. Assume resistivity of conductor material to be $1.73\mu\Omega$ cm.

[10]

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Q7) a) Explain the following terms with their equivalent circuit

[6]

- i) Touch potential
- ii) Step potential
- b) Explain in detail the design of earthing grid of substation w.r.t IEEE standard 80-2000. [10]

OR

- **Q8)** a) Write the general rules for the residential and commercial wiring work. [6]
 - b) State the general factors that should be considered in estimation of HT or LT lines. [10]

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