

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P 3279

[Total No. of Pages : 3

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TE (E & TC) (Engg.) (Semester - I)
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING
(2012 Pattern)

Time : 2½ Hours

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8, Q9 or Q10
- 2) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q1)** a) What are the advantages of Digital signal processing over analog signal processing. [4]
b) Check the orthogonality of the vectors. [4]

$$A_1 = (1, 3, 2)^T \quad A_2 = (3, -1, 0)^T \quad A_3 = \left(\frac{1}{3}, 1, -\frac{5}{3} \right)^T$$

- c) State and prove any two properties of Z transform [2]
OR

- Q2)** a) Compute 4 point DFT of a sequence $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ using Decimation In Time FFT algorithm [4]
b) Compute the circular convolution of the following sequences [4]
 $x(n) = \{4, 3, 2, 1\}$ $h(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$
c) Write a note on, "Overlap and save method" [2]

- Q3)** a) What is the relationship between DFT and DTFT [3]
b) Compute the IDFT of the following sequence [4]
 $X(k) = \{4, 1-j, -2, 1+j\}$
c) By using partial fraction method find the Inverse Z transform of [3]

$$x(z) = \frac{z}{(z+2)(z-1)}$$

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OR

- Q4)** a) Show that the computational complexity is reduced if 64 point DFT is computed using Radix -2 DIT FFT algorithm [3]
- b) Compute the z transform and draw ROC of the following sequences [4]
- i) $x(n) = a^n u(n) \text{ for } n \geq 0$
- ii) $x(n) = 2^n u(n) + 3^n u(-n-1)$
- c) State the properties of Region of convergence [3]

- Q5)** a) The system transfer function of analog filter is given by [8]

$$H(s) = \frac{s + 0.1}{(s + 0.1)^2 + 9}$$

using Impulse Invariance method determine H(z) Assume T = 1 Sec

- b) Compare Bilinear transformation and Impulse Invariance method [6]
- c) Show the mapping between analog and Digital frequencies [4]

OR

- Q6)** a) Obtain direct form I, Direct Form II, Cascade and Parallel form realization of a system described by [10]

$$y(n) = 0.75y(n-1) - 0.25y(n-2) + x(n) + 2x(n-1) - x(n-2)$$

- b) A digital filter has specifications as :

Passband frequency = $W_p = 0.4\pi$, Stopband frequency = $W_s = 0.6\pi$

What the corresponding specifications are for pass band and stop frequencies in analog domain if [6]

- i) Impulse Invariance Technique is used for designing
- ii) Bilinear Transformation method is used for designing
- c) Compare Rectangular window with Hanning window [2]

- Q7)** a) State the characteristics of FIR filter [6]

- b) Design a linear phase FIR low pass filter with cut off frequency f_0 0.5 rad/sample by taking 11 samples of ideal frequency response [10]

OR

- Q8)** a) The frequency characteristics of ideal low pass filter is given as [10]

$$H(w) = 1 \quad \text{for } -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq w \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{for } \frac{\pi}{2} \leq w \leq \pi$$

Design digital FIR filter using fourier series method

- i) Find the value of $h(n)$ for $N = 9$
 - ii) Find the system function $H(Z)$
- b) Realize the linear phase FIR Filter [6]

$$y(n) = x(n) + 2x(n-1) + 2x(n-2) + x(n-3)$$

- Q9)** a) Explain the application of DSP in Voice processing [6]

- b) Design a two stage decimator for the following specifications : [10]

Sampling rate of an input signal = 20 KHZ

Down sampler D = 80

Passband = 0 to 40 Hz

Transition band = 40 to 50 Hz

Passband ripple = 0.02

Stopband ripple = 0.002

OR

- Q10)a)** Explain important salient features of TMS320C 6713 DSP processor and draw its functional block diagram. [8]

- b) Explain the necessity of Barrel shifter [4]

- c) Compare DSP processors with Microprocessors [4]

