Total No. of	<b>Questions</b>	:8]
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SEAT No. :		
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## P1732

## [5058]-366

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## T.E. (Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering) INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING TECHNIQUE (2012 Course) (Semester - II) (304189)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6 and Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- **Q1)** a) A discrete source emits messages  $X_1 \& X_2$  with probabilities  $\frac{3}{4} \& \frac{1}{4}$  with BSC, Find H(X), H(Y), H(X,Y), H(X/Y), I(X;Y). [7]
  - b) Obtain the coding efficiency of a Shannon Fano and huffman code for a zero memory source that emits six messages (G, N, H, A, E, S) with probabilities of {0.19, 0.15, 0.02, 0.16, 0.4, 0.08} respectively. [8]

OR

- **Q2)** a) For a systematic Linear Block code, the three parity check digits  $C_4$ ,  $C_5$ ,  $C_6$  are given  $C_4 = d_1 + d_2 + d_3$   $C_5 = d_1 + d_2$  and  $C_6 = d_1 + d_3$  [6]
  - i) Construct Generator matrix
  - ii) Determine error correcting capability
  - iii) Prepare a suitable decoding table

Decode the received words 101100 and 000110.

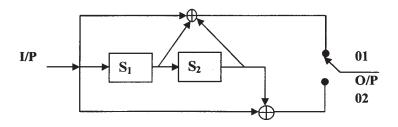
- b) Construct a systematic (7, 4) cyclic code using generator polynomial  $g(X) = X^3 + X + 1$ . Construct the decoding table for the received code word 1 1 0 1 1 0 0, determine the transmitted data word. [7]
- c) Explain any two properties of mutual information and show that Shannon's limit for AWGN Channel is -1.6dB. [7]

*P.T.O.* 

- **Q3)** a) Obtain generator polynomials and specifications for BCH code with block length n=15 & error correcting capability  $t_c=1,2,3$ . [8]
  - b) Explain the following terms with the help of equations [6]
    - i) Primitive Polynomial
    - ii) Minimal Polynomial
    - iii) Generator Polynomial
  - c) Differentiate between BCH and RS codes.

OR

- **Q4)** a) Consider the BCH (15,5) triple error correcting code has the following generator polynomial  $g(x) = x^{10} + x^8 + x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$  Find the errors using Gorenstein-Zierler algorithm in received polynomial  $x^9 + x^6 + x^5 + x^4$ . [10]
  - b) Explain the applications of RS codes and CRC code. [8]
- Q5) a) A convolution encoder has code rate = ½ constraint length K=3 as shown in Figure below. Draw the trellis diagram. By using Viterbi algorithm decode the sequence 010001000.
   [8]



- b) A convolutional encoder is rate 1/3, constraint length K=4  $g^1=1+D+D^2+D3$ ,  $g^2=1+D2+D3$ ,  $g^3=1+D+D3$ .
  - i) Obtain State Table.
  - ii) Draw the state diagram.

[8]

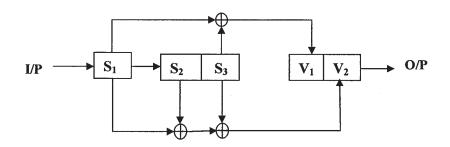
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OR

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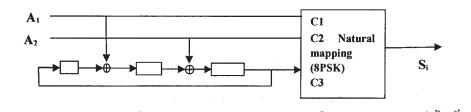
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**Q6)** a) For the convolution encoder shown in figure below. Sketch the state diagrams, Code Tree and trellis diagram. Find the output data sequence 10011.



b) Explain FEC and ARQ systems.

- [6]
- **Q7)** a) What are the Ungerboek's TCM design rules. Explain asymptotic coding gain. [6]
  - b) Consider the 8 state, 8 PSK. TCM scheme as shown below. [10]



- i) Draw trellis diagram
- ii) Find d<sub>free</sub> and Asymptotic coding gain and comment on it.

OR

- **Q8)** a) What are turbo codes? Explain necessity of Inter-leaver in turbo codes? [6]
  - b) Explain Euclidean distance, Asymptotic coding gain of trellis coded Modulation. [4]
  - c) Discuss the importance of Trellis Coded Modulation with the block diagram of Communication System. [6]

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