Total No. of Questions: 6]	SEAT No.:	ı

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B.E./Insem. - 1 B.E. (Civil)

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - II

(2012 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time: 1 Hour] [Max. Marks: 30

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Solve Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronics pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
- 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- Q1) a) Differentiate between domestic sewage and storm water runoff. Explain giving reasons, when to adopt separate and combined systems of sewage.

 [5]
 - b) Explain the procedure of B.O.D.test when seeding of wastewater is required. [5]

OR

- Q2) a) What do you understand by self purification property of stream? Explain the factors affecting this property. [5]
 - b) Explain the significance of maximum and minimum velocities to be maintained in sewer. [5]
- Q3) a) How the following sewage treatment units helping to treat the waste water?[5]
 - i) Screens
 - ii) Grit chambers
 - iii) Primary Sedimentation Tank

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b) Design a grit chamber to treat domestic sewage of a town having discharge 1595 m³/hr. Assume specific gravity of grit as 0.2 mm. Take the temperature of sewage = 10°C. Provide constant velocity of sewage in the chamber of 40 cm/sec. [5]

OR

- Q4) a) Draw and explain process flow diagram for sewage treatment. [5]
 - b) Give discharge standard of BOD, COD, TSS, TDS Sulphates, Chlorides and Total Nitrogen on to land as irrigation water as per CPCB. [5]
- **Q5**) a) Give the flow diagrams of single stage and two stage Trickling Filters.[5]
 - b) Determine the size of a high rate trickling filter for the following data:[5]
 - i) Sewage flow = 4.5MLD
 - ii) Recirculation ratio = 1.5
 - iii) BOD of raw sewage = 250mg/L
 - iv) BOD removal in primary tank = 30%
 - v) Final Effluent BOD desired = 30 mg/L

OR

- **Q6**) a) An average operating data for conventional activated sludge treatment plant is as follows:
 - i) Wastewater flow = 35000 cum/day
 - ii) Volume of aeration tank = 10900 cum
 - iii) Influent BOD = 250 mg/L
 - iv) Effluent BOD = 20 mg/L
 - v) MLSS = 2500 mg/L
 - vi) Effluent SS = 30 mg/L
 - vii) Waste sludge SS = 9700 mg/L
 - viii) Quantity of waste sludge 200 cum/day

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Based on information above determine

- i) Aeration period (hrs)
- ii) F/M ratio
- iii) % efficiency of BOD removal
- iv) Sludge age (days)

[5]

b) Discuss the various modifications in basic Activated Sludge Process.[5]

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