UNIVERSITY OF PUNE

[4361-108]

F.E. Examination 2013

Engineering Mathematics -II (2012 pattern)

Time-Two hours
[Total No. of Question=8]
Instructions:

Maximum Marks-50 [Total no. of printed pages= 3]

- (1)Attempt 4 questions :Q.1 or Q.2,Q.3 or Q.4,Q.5 or Q.6,Q.7 or Q.8.
- (2) Neat diagrams must be drawn whereever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4)Use of electronic non-programmable calculator is allowed.
- (5) Assume suitable data whenever necessary.

SECTION-I

Q.1 (a) Solve the following differential equations.

(i)
$$(x^4 e^x - 2mxy^2) dx + 2mx^2 y dy = 0$$

(ii)
$$\left(\tan\frac{y}{x} - \frac{y}{x} \sec^2\frac{y}{x}\right) dx + \sec^2\frac{y}{x} dy = 0$$

(b)A constant electromotive force E volts is applied to a circuit containing a constant resistance R ohms in series and a constant inductance L henries. If the initial current is zero, show that the current builds up to half its theoretical

maximum in
$$\frac{L \log 2}{R}$$
 seconds. (4)

OR

Q.2 (a)Solve
$$\left[\log(x^2+y^2) + \frac{2x^2}{x^2+y^2}\right]dx + \frac{2xy}{x^2+y^2}dy = 0$$
 (4)

- (b) Solve the following:-
- (1)A particle is moving in a straight line with an acceleration $k\left[x + \frac{a^4}{x^3}\right]$ directed towards origin. If it starts from rest at a distance 'a' from the origin, prove that it will arrive at origin at the end of time $\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{k}}$.
- (2)A pipe 10cm in diameter contains steam at $100^{\circ}C$. It is covered with asbestos,5cm thick,for which k=0.0006 and the outside surface is at $30^{\circ}C$. Find the amount of heat lost per hour from a meter long pipe.
- Q.3 (a)Express $f(x)=\pi^2-x^2, -\pi \le x \le \pi$ as a fourier series,

where
$$f(x)=f(x+2\pi)$$
 . (5)

(b)Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^8 - x^{14}}{(1+x)^{24}} dx$$
 (3)

- (i) $y^2 = x^2(1-x)$
- (ii) $r = 2\sin 3\theta$

OR

Q.4 (a) show that the length of an arc of the curve

$$x = \log(\sec\theta + \tan\theta) - \sin\theta$$
, $y = \cos\theta$ from $\theta = 0$ to $\theta = t$ is $\log(\sec t)$. (4)

(b)Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} x \sin^{5} x \cos^{2} x dx$$
 (4)

(c)Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \left[\frac{x^{m}-1}{\log x} \right] dx . \tag{4}$$

- Q.5 (a) Find the equation of the sphere, having its center on the plane 4x 5y z = 3 and passing through the circle. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 2x 3y + 4z + 8 = 0$, x 2y + z = 8. (5)
 - (b) Find the equation of a right circular cone, having vertex at the point

(0,0,3) and passing through the circle
$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$
, $z=0$. (4)

(c) Find the equation of a right circular cylinder of radius 2,whose axis passes through the point (1,1,-2) and has direction cosines proportional to 2,1,2. (4)

OR

- Q.6 (a) Find the equation of the sphere which is tangential to the plane 4x 3y + 6z 35 = 0 at (2,-1,4) and passing through the point (2,-1,-2). (5)
 - (b) Find the equation of a right circular cone with vertex at origin, the line x = y = 2z as the axis and semi-vertical angle 30° . (4)
 - (c) Find the equation of a right circular cylinder whose axis is 2(x-1) = y+2 = z and radius is 4. (4)
- Q.7 Solve any two:

(a)Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{y^{2}/a}^{y} \frac{y dx dy}{(a-x)\sqrt{ax-y^{2}}}$$
 (7)

(b)Evaluate $\int_{V} \int \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy dz$, where V is bounded by the surface $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$, $z \ge 0$ and the plane z=1. (6)

(c) Find the Moment of Inertia (M.I) about the line $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ of the area enclosed by the curve $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$. (6)

OR

- Q.8 Solve any two:
 - (a) Find by double integration the area between the curve $y^2x = 4a^2(2a-x)$ and its asymptote. (7)
 - (b) Find the volume of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 2ax$ intercepted between the paraboloid $x^2 + y^2 = 2az$ and xoy plane. (6)
 - (c) Find the centre of gravity (C.G.) of one loop of the curve $r = a \sin 2\theta$. (6)