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## I.E./Insem. - 148

T.E. (Computer Engineering) DATA COMMUNICATION AND WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORK (2012 Pattern) (Semester - I) Time: 1 Hour] [Max. Marks: 30 Instructions to the candidates: 1) Solve Que. 1 or 2, Que.3 or 4, Que. 5 or 6. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 2) Assume suitable data if necessary. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4) Encode the following binary data stream into polar (RZ, NRZ), Manchester **Q1)** a) and differential Manchester codes for given Data stream: 11100101. [5] Give definitions: b) [3] Baud rate. i) Bit rate. ii) SNR. iii) c) Write a note on Zigbee. [2] OR Explain what is meant by slope overload and granular noise distortion? **Q2)** a) Also explain how adaptive delta modulation improves system tolerance to slope overload. [6] With the help of waveform, explain sampling, quantization and encoding. b) [4]

*P.T.O.* 

Q3)	a)	Draw and explain diagram of Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) and Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS). [6]
	b)	Consider Stop-and-wait ARQ system, the bandwidth of the line is 01 Mbps and 1 bit takes 20ms to make a round trip. What is the bandwidth-delay product? If the system data frames are 1000 bits in length. What is the utilization percentage of the link?  [4]
		OR
Q4)	a)	A pure ALOHA network transmits 200-bit frame on a shared channel of 200 kbps. What is the throughput if the system (all stations together) produces [4]
		i) 1000 frames per second.
		ii) 500 frames per second.
	b)	Explain stop and wait ARQ, GO back-n ARQ and selective repeat ARQ. Comment on the performance of each. [6]
Q5)	a)	Explain block diagram of RFID reader and RFID Tag. [4]
	b)	Define sensor network? Draw basic architecture and list its applications.  [6]
		OR
Q6)	a)	Explain typical sensing nodes architecture, how this sensing node is different from the nodes in other networks? [6]
	b)	Explain the use of sensors in Robots. [2]
	c)	What are advantages of RFID over bar code. [2]



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