Seat	
No.	

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## S.E. (Computer) (Sem. II) EXAMINATION, 2018 OBJECT ORIENTED AND MULTICORE PROGRAMMING (2012 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B.: (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
  - (ii) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
  - (iii) Use of Calculator is allowed.
  - (iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) Write short notes on:

[8]

- (i) Need of object-oriented programming
- (ii) Dynamic memory allocation.
- (b) Explain array of objects with example.

[4]

Or

- 2. (a) Write a C++ program for vector addition using operator overloading. Vector consists of 2 attributes ax, ay for magnitude and direction (both int). Create 3 vectors  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$  with  $v_1$  (8, 13) and  $v_2$  (26, 7). After performing  $v_3 = v_1 + v_2$ ; user should be able to print  $v_3$ 's ax and ay values to 34 and 20 resp.
  - (b) Differentiate between public, private and protected members. [4]

P.T.O.

3.	( <i>a</i> )	A warehouse management system requires taking user inp	ut
		and displaying items which are present. Use any STL (vector	or,
		list, etc) to implement the system. Item consist of 3 attribut	es
		(name, code both strings and price in float). Write menu drive	en
		C++ program to accept and display items.	[8]
	( <i>b</i> )	Write a short note on multiple exception handling.	[4]
		Or	
4.	(a)	Create child processes using posix_spawn() function. Use objection	ct
		oriented approach for process management. Write men	ıu
		driven $C++$ program to create $n$ processes (where $n$ is a	ny
		+ve integer given by user) and display their pid's on consol	le.
		All $n$ child processes will execute the $ps$ utility, which resid	es
		in "/bin/ps".	[6]
	( <i>b</i> )	Write in detail about anatomy/structure of a process. [	[6]
<b>5</b> .	(a)	What are the similarities between threads and processes? [	[6]
	( <i>b</i> )	Explain in detail pthread attribute object.	[7]
		Or	
6.	(a)	Differentiate between threads and processes.	[6]
	( <i>b</i> )	Write a detailed note on termination of threads.	[7]
7.	(a)	What is persistence of an object ? Explain persistence wi	$ ag{th}$

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respect to IPC.

[4]

	( <i>b</i> )	Write short notes on IPC mechanism using:	[9]
		(i) Files	
		(ii) Shared memory	
		(iii) Pipes.	
		Or	
8.	(a)	Explain PRAM model used for synchronization.	[4]
	( <i>b</i> )	Explain the following:	[9]
		$(\emph{i})$ Basic semaphore operations with P( ) and V( ).	
		(ii) Mutex semaphores in POSIX.	
		(iii) Delegation model for threaded application	

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