

[5059]-509

**B.E. (Civil Engineering)****MATRIX METHODS OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS****(2012 Pattern) (Elective - II)***Time : 2½ Hours]**[Max. Marks : 70**Instructions to the candidates:-*

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
- 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) a) Solve the following system by Gauss-Jordan Method [6]

$$x + y + z = 5$$

$$2x + 3y + 5z = 8$$

$$4x + 5z = 2$$

b) Analyse the beam ABC shown in Figure 1 using flexibility matrix method. AB = 3 m and BC = 6 m. Take EI = constant [6]

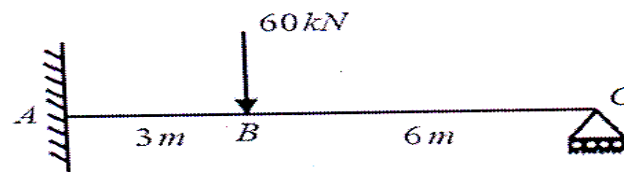


Figure 1

c) A rod is composed of an aluminum section rigidly attached between steel and bronze as shown in Figure 2. If the cross-section area of rod is 800 mm<sup>2</sup> determine nodal displacements. Take  $E_{st} = 210$  GPa,  $E_{Al} = 70$  GPa and  $E_{br} = 110$  GPa. [8]

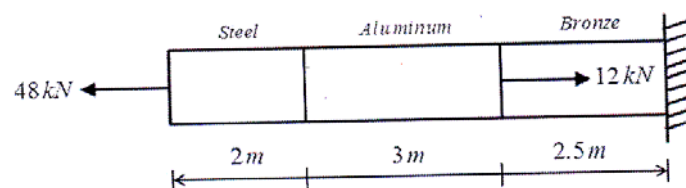


Figure 2

**P.T.O.**

OR

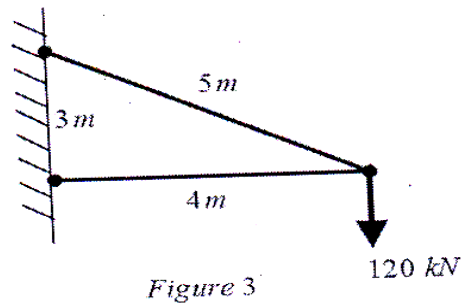
Q2) a) Solve the following system by Gauss-Elimination Method [6]

$$x + y + z = 5$$

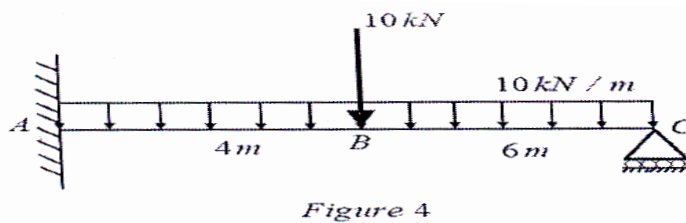
$$2x + 3y + 5z = 8$$

$$4x + 5z = 2$$

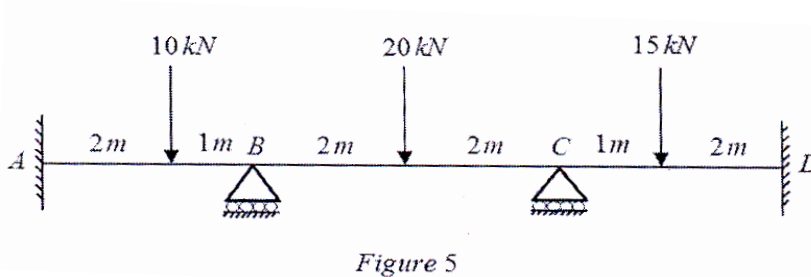
b) Find the vertical and horizontal deflection at point C for the two member truss as shown in Figure 3. Area of inclined member is  $2000 \text{ mm}^2$  whereas horizontal member is  $1600 \text{ mm}^2$ . Take  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$  [6]



c) Analyse the beam ABC shown in Figure 4 using flexibility matrix method. Take  $EI = \text{constant}$ . [8]

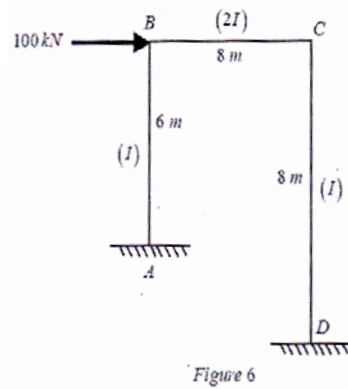


Q3) Analyze the continuous beam ABCD as shown in Figure 5 using stiffness matrix method. Take  $EI$  constant. Draw BMD [18]



OR

**Q4)** Determine the unknown joint displacements of the portal frame as shown in Figure 6 using stiffness matrix method. Take  $EI$  constant. [18]



**Q5)** Derive the stiffness matrix and transformation matrix of two noded grid element of with 06 D.O.F., length  $L$ , flexural rigidity  $EI$  and torsional rigidity  $GJ$ . [16]

OR

**Q6)** Analyze the grid structure ABC as shown in Figure 7 using stiffness matrix method. Take  $EI=2 \times 10^5 \text{ kN.m}^2$  and  $GJ= 1.2 \times 10^5 \text{ kN.m}^2$ . [16]

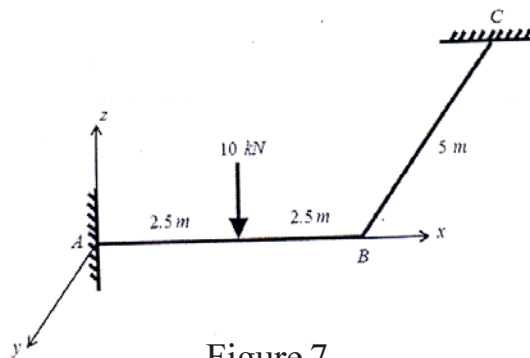


Figure 7

**Q7)** For the truss shown in Figure 8, use stiffness matrix method to determine the deflections at the loaded joint. Take  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$  and  $c/s$  area of all members  $1000 \text{ mm}^2$ . [16]

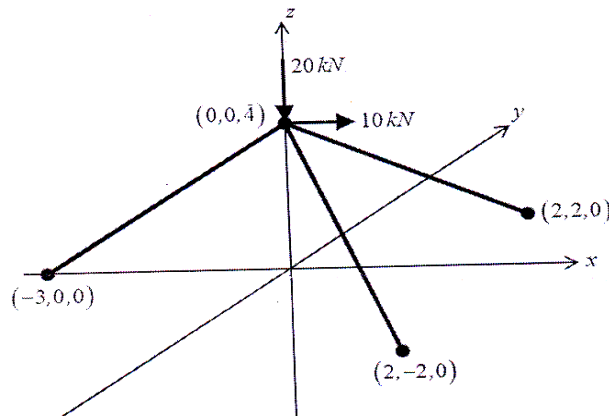
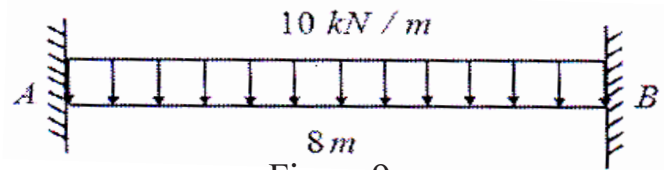


Figure 8

OR

- Q8) a)** A beam of span '8m' is fixed at both ends 'A' and 'B' and supports a uniformly distributed load of 10 kN/m over the entire span. Estimate the deflections of quarter span intervals using second order central difference formula. [8]



- b)** Estimate the lowest buckling load 'P' of a uniform pin ended column of length 'L = 10 m', cross-sectional area  $100 \times 100$  mm and  $E = 200$  GPa using three sub intervals. Apply finite difference method. [8]

