

Total No. of Questions—8]

[Total No. of Printed Pages—4+2

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[4657]-544

S.E. (Electronics/E&TC) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2014

NETWORK THEORY

(2012 PATTERN)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

N.B. :— (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

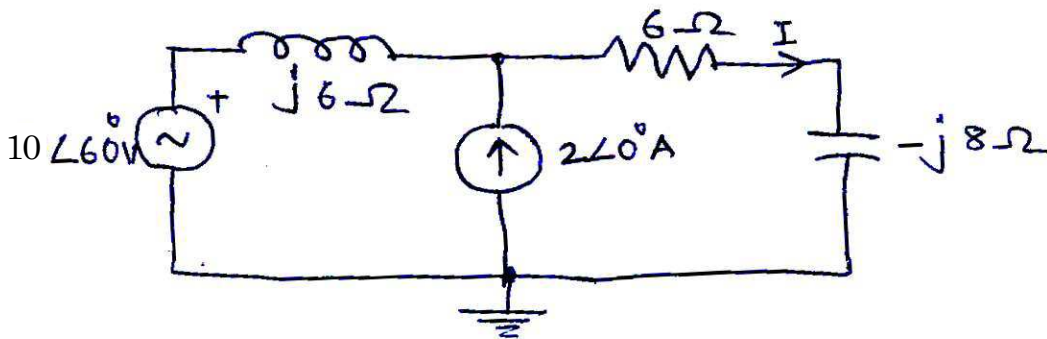
(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(iii) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.

(iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

(v) All questions are compulsory.

1. (a) Calculate the current I through $6\ \Omega$ resistor by applying principle of superposition. [6]



P.T.O.

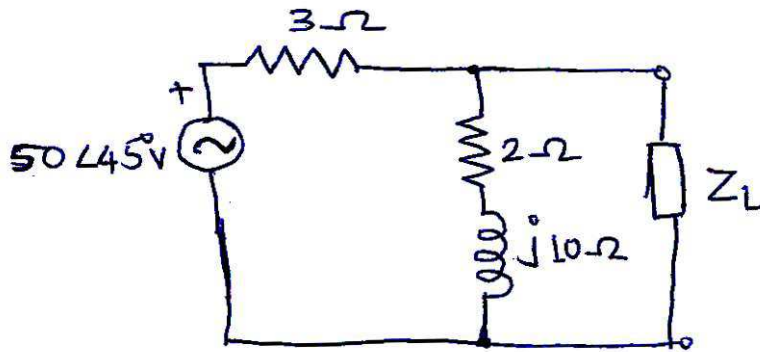
(b) The reduced incidence matrix of an oriented graph is :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

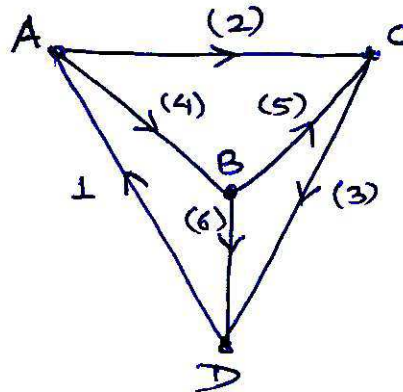
Draw the oriented graph. Also calculate the number of trees possible for this graph. [6]

Or

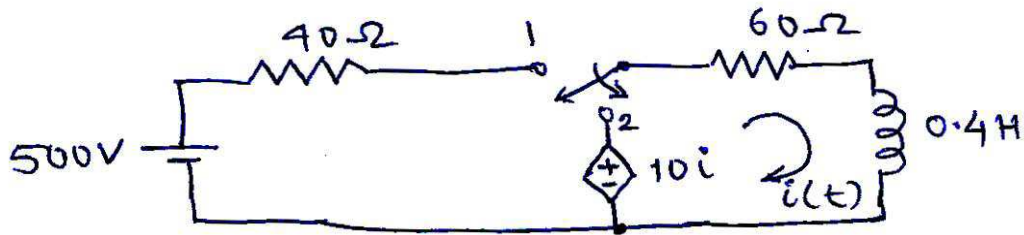
2. (a) Find the value of load impedance Z_L , so that maximum power can be transferred to it in the circuit shown below. Draw Thevenin's equivalent circuit. [6]



- (b) Write the incidence matrix, tieset matrix and f -cutset matrix for the graph of a network given below. Select tree $\{4, 5, 6\}$. [6]

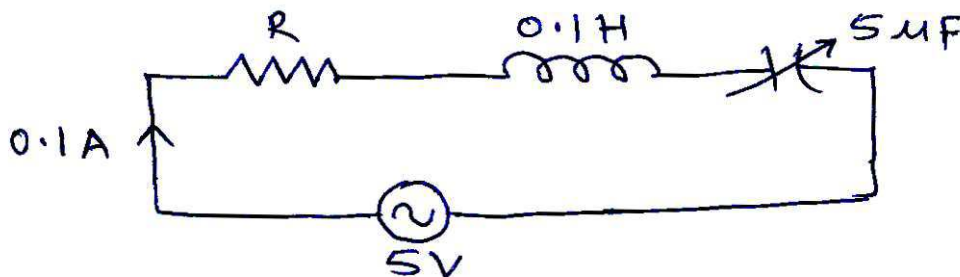


3. (a) For the network shown below, find the current expression i.e. $i(t)$ when the switch is changed from the position 1 to 2 at $t = 0$. [6]



- (b) In a series RLC circuit, a maximum current of 0.1 A flows through the circuit when the capacitor is of $5 \mu\text{F}$ with a fixed frequency and a voltage of 5 V.

Determine the frequency at which the circuit resonates, the quality factor, the value of resistance and the bandwidth. [6]



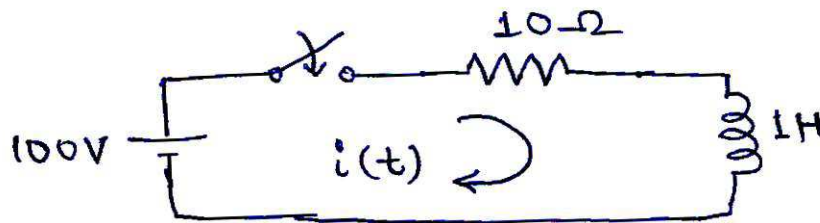
Or

4. (a) In the figure given below, the switch is closed at $t = 0$. Find :

$$i, \frac{di}{dt} \text{ and } \frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$$

at $t = 0^+$.

[6]



- (b) Derive the expression for bandwidth of a series RLC resonance circuit.

[6]

5. (a) Explain the following terms used in filter theory :

(i) Attenuation constant,

(ii) Phase constant, and

(iii) Characteristic impedance.

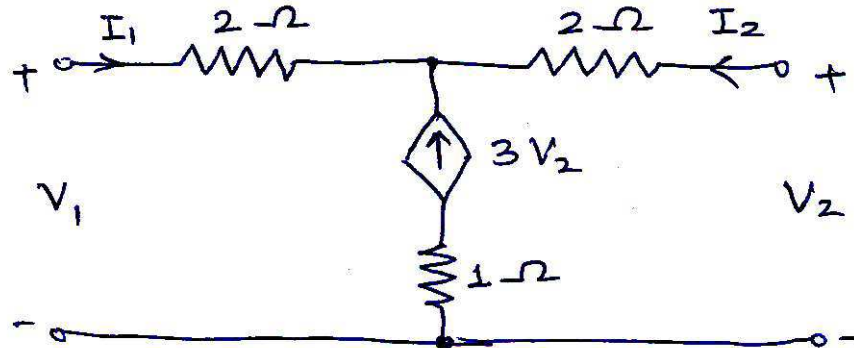
[6]

- (b) Write a short note on attenuators. Also derive the relation between decibel and Neper.

[7]

Or

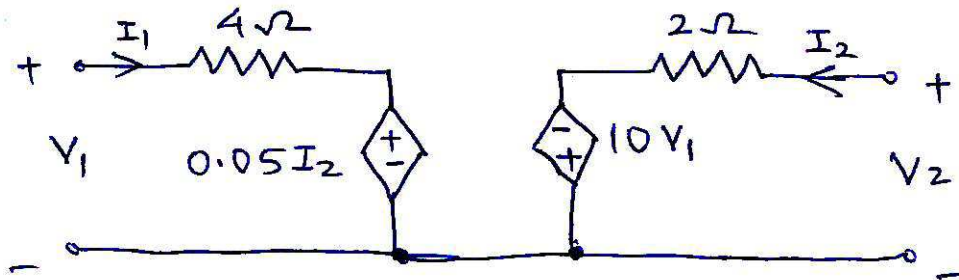
6. (a) A π section filter network consists of a series arm inductor of 20 mH and two shunt-arm capacitors of 0.16 μ F each. Calculate the cut-off frequency, attenuation and phase shift at 15 kHz. [6]
- (b) Design a T-section band-pass, constant K type filter with cut-off frequency of 4 kHz and 10 kHz and nominal characteristic impedance of 500 Ω . [7]
7. (a) Find Y-parameters of the network shown below. [6]



- (b) Explain the following :
- (i) Network functions for one and two port networks.
- (ii) Pole-zeros of network functions. Also state its significance. [7]

Or

8. (a) Calculate the open-circuit impedance parameters for the network shown below and also check for symmetry and reciprocity of the network. [6]



- (b) Determine the voltage transfer function $\frac{V_2}{V_1}$, for the network shown below. [7]

