

Total No. of Questions :6]

SEAT No. :

**P55**

**T.E./Insem./APR-60**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**T.E. (E&TC)**

**304190 : ANTENNA & WAVE PROPAGATION**

**(2012 Pattern) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 1 Hour]*

*[Max. Marks : 30*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer any one Question out of Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume Suitable data, if necessary.*

**Q1) a)** State the Maxwell's equation for static & time varying EM fields satisfying different laws of Electromagnetics **[4]**

b) Derive the expression for attenuation constant, phase constant, propagation constant for a good conductor. **[6]**

OR

**Q2) a)** Explain linear, circular and elliptical polarization. **[6]**

b) In a non-magnetic medium with intrinsic impedance 99 ohms and  $E=4 \sin (2\pi * 10^7 t - 0.8x) a_z$  v/m. Find; **[4]**

i) Time average power carried by wave

ii) The total power crossing  $100 \text{ cm}^2$  of plane  $3x+y=10$ .

**Q3) a)** Explain in detail with neat sketches, **[6]**

i) Ground wave propagation.

ii) Sky wave propagation

*P.T.O.*

- b) Calculate the skip distance for flat earth with MUF of 10mhz. If a wave is reflected from a height of 300km where maximum value of refractive index is 0.8 Calculate the skip distance for flat earth with MUF of 10MHz.if a wave is reflected from a height of 300km where maximum value of refractive index is 0.8. [4]

OR

**Q4)** a) Explain in detail the characteristics of the different ionized regions of ionosphere. [5]

b) Explain the effect of earth's magnetic field on Ionospheric propagation. [5]

**Q5)** a) Define & explain following Antenna parameters [6]

i) Antenna Aperture

ii) Effective Length

iii) Efficiency of antenna

b) An antenna has loss resistance 10 ohms, power gain of 20 and directivity 22. Calculate its radiation resistance. [4]

OR

**Q6)** a) Define & explain following Antenna parameters [6]

i) Directivity

ii) Radiation Resistance

iii) Directive Gain

b) The radiation intensity of an antenna is given by

$$U(\theta, \Phi) = (\cos\theta)^4 (\sin 2\Phi)^2 \text{ for } 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ and } 0 \leq \Phi \leq 2\pi$$

(i.e. upper half space only). Find power radiated and directivity. [4]

