Total No. of Questions : 12]	SEAT No.:	
P3926	[Total No. of Pages	: 3
	F 40 #01 4000	

[4859]-1039 B.E. (E & TC) DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (Elective - I)

(2012 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time: 2.30 Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Your are advised to attempt not more than 6 questions.
- 4) Your answers will be valued as a whole.
- 5) Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
- 6) Assume sutiable data, if necessary.
- **Q1)** a) What is color model? Compare RGB & YIQ color model with their applications. [4]
 - b) Explain use of logical operation in short.

[2]

OR

Q2) a) Compute the length of the shortest distance using 4,8 and m path connectivity between p & q.

Let
$$V = \{1,2\}$$

$$3 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad (q)$$

$$2 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 2$$

$$1 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 1$$

$$(p) \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

[3]

- b) Explain image subtraction operation in detail along with its application.[3]
- Q3) a) Explain how power-law transformation can be used for gamma correction. [4]
 - b) Explain the difference between image enhancement & restoration? List various algorithms used for the processing in case of restoration. [3]

P.T.O.

- **Q4)** a) Answer the following related to histogram of an image [4]
 - i) If all pixels in an image are shuffled, will there be any change in the histogram. Justify your answer.
 - ii) Can two different image have same histogram? Justify your answers.
 - b) Explain the notch filtering in frequency domain. [3]
- **Q5)** a) Explain arithmatic coding with example. [4]
 - b) Explain how bit plane coding is useful for run lenght coding. [3]

OR

- **Q6)** a) Explain w.r.t. image compression fidelity criteria. [4]
 - b) What is DCT? How DCT helps to achieve compression. [3]
- Q7) a) Explain the various types of thresholding techniques used in image segmentation.[9]
 - b) What is morphology? Explain the dilation of binary image A by structuring element B. [9]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

- Q8) a) What is edge detection? Compare first order & second order edge detector operator w.r.t. an image. Which one will be used in which application.[9]
 - b) What is Region Growing? Explain the techniques of Region splitting & Region merging.[9]

Q9) a)	Explain 4 directional & 8 directional chain coding wi	th example. Assume
	suitable distance between chain code.	[8]

- b) Explain following regional descriptors
 - i) Topological
 - ii) Texture [8]

OR

- **Q10** a) What is PCA? How PCA is used for description/representation of an image. [8]
 - b) What are the different ways of image boundary representation? How fourier descriptors are used for boundary representation & what are its advantages. [8]
- Q11 a) What is feature? What is feature extraction, feature selection & classification. Explain the concepts with the help of example application. [8]
 - b) Explain content based image Retrieval application in detail. [8]

OR

- Q12 a) What are the different pattern classification algorithms? Explain any one in detail.
 - b) Expalin the various applications of image processing in medical field.[8]

