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## 101 : ACCOUNTING FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS

## (2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Revised)

Time : $2^{1 ⁄ 2}$ Hours]
[Max. Marks : 50
Instructions to the candidates:

1) All questions are compulsory.
2) All questions caries 10 marks.
3) Use of simple calculators are allowed.

Q1) a) Financial accounting \& cost accounting are not same. Discuss.
b) Write short notes on :-
i) Classification of cost.
ii) Role of management Accounting.

Q2) a) Discuss various concepts \& conventions of financial accounting.
b) From the following Trial Balance of Mrs. Sara, prepare the final accounts as on $31^{\text {st }}$ march 2018.
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| Particulars | Dr. <br> Amount | Cr. <br> Amount |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Capital |  | $2,00,000$ |
| Land \& Building | 87,000 |  |
| Plant \& Machinery | 17,500 |  |
| Goodwill | 20,000 |  |
| Drawings | 22,600 |  |
| Cash in hand | 1,795 |  |
| Stock on 1st April 2017 | 10,000 |  |
| Wages | 69,000 |  |
| Purchases less returns | 600 |  |
| Carriage inward | 6,000 |  |
| Traveller's commission \& Exp | 2,000 |  |
| Insurance premium |  |  |


| Motor car | 3,000 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Carriage outword | 1,400 |  |
| Sales less returns |  | 84,000 |
| Salaries | 5,000 |  |
| Bank charges | 105 |  |
| Reserve for doubtful debts | 20,000 | 1,500 |
| Debtors |  | 7,500 |
| Creditors | $2,93,000$ | $2,93,000$ |

Adjustments: -
i) On $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018, the stock was valued at Rs. 46,000/-
ii) Insurance premium amounting to Rs. 800/- is prepaid.
iii) Outstanding salaries amount to Rs. 1,000/-
iv) Depreciation on plant \& machinery @ 10\% and motor car 20\%
v) Create Reserve for Doubtful debts at $10 \%$ on debtors.

Q3) a) Draw a stores ledger recerding the following transactions that took place in a month under LIFO method.
$1^{\text {st }}$ Jan - Opening stock - 200 pieces at Rs. 2/- each.
$5^{\text {th }}$ Jan - purchases - 100 pcs @ Rs. 2.20/- each.
$10^{\text {th }}$ Jan - purchases - 150 pcs @ Rs. 2.40/- each.
$20^{\text {th }}$ Jan - purchases - 180 pcs @ Rs. 2.50/- each.
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Jan - Issues - 150 pcs.
$7^{\text {th }}$ Jan - Issues -100 pcs.
$12^{\text {th }}$ Jan - Issues - 100 pcs.
$28^{\text {th }}$ Jan - Issues -200 pcs.

## OR

b) From the following information, calculate :-
i) Re-ordering level.
ii) Minimum stock level.
iii) Maximum level.
iv) Average stock level.

Information:-

1) Normal consumption $=300$ units per day.
2) Minimum consumption $=240$ units per day.
3) Maximum consumption $=420$ units per day.
4) Reorder Quantity $=3600$ units per day.
5) Re-order period $=10$ to 15 days.
6) Normal Re-order period $=12$ days.

Q4) a) Following is a flexible budget at $60 \%$ capacity. Prepare a budget at $75 \%$ \& $90 \%$ capacity.

| Expenses | $60 \%$ capacity |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Direct materials | $1,60,000$ | $100 \%$ variable |  |
| Direct labour | 40,000 | $80 \%$ variable |  |
| Indirect Material \& spares | 48,000 | $100 \%$ variable |  |
| Depreciation | 60,000 | $100 \%$ fixed |  |
| Indirect labour | 40,000 | $40 \%$ fixed |  |
| Rent | 12,000 | $100 \%$ fixed |  |
| Electric power | 8,000 | $40 \%$ fixed |  |
| Repairs \& maintenance | 20,000 | $40 \%$ variable |  |
| Insurance on machinery | 12,000 | $100 \%$ fixed |  |
|  |  |  |  |

b) In myra Trading Co, the standard material \& standard cost per kg. of material required for the production of one unit of product $A$ is as follows:-

Material 5kg.
Standard price Rs. 5/- per kg.
The actual production related material data are as follows:-
400 units of product A
material used $2,200 \mathrm{~kg}$.
Price of material Rs. 4.80 per kg.
Calculate:-
i) Material cost variance.
ii) Material usage variance.
iii) Material price variance.

Q5) a) A company producing a single article sells it at Rs. 10/- each. The marginal cost of production is Rs. 6/- and fixed cost is Rs. 400/- P.A.

Calculate
i) $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{V}$ Ratio
ii) The break even sales.
iii) Sales to earn profit of Rs. 500/-
iv) Profit at sales of Rs. 3,000/-

OR
b) A company has 3 alternatives to produce 2 products $\mathrm{X} \& \mathrm{Y}$.

Alternative 1-100 units of X \& 300 units of Y.
Alternative 2-200 units of X \& 200 units of Y.
Alternative 3-350 units of X \& 150 units of Y.
Fixed cost = Rs. 25,000/-
Variable cost/unit $=$ Rs. 350 of X, Rs. 280 of Y.
Selling price/unit $=$ Rs. 450 of X, Rs. 375 of Y.
Decide and suggest the best possible alternative to the management.


Total No. of Questions: 5]

# [5659]-101 <br> M.B.A. - I <br> 101 : ACCOUNTING FOR BUSINESS DECISION <br> (2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) 

Time : $2^{1 ⁄ 2}$ Hours]
[Max. Marks : 50
Instructions to the candidates:

1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Each question has an internal option.
3) Each question carries 10 marks.
4) Use of simple calculator is allowed.

Q1) a) Explain the role of financial accounting cost accounting and management accounting in decision making process.

OR
b) Write short note on (Any 4)
i) Business Entity concept.
ii) Matching concept.
iii) Materiality concept.
iv) Convention of disclosure.
v) Convention of consistency.

Q2) a) Give the format of financial statement for public Ltd. Company.
OR
b) Explain the different views and importance of financial statements with respect of
i) Shareholders
ii) Creditors
iii) Auditors; \&
iv) Management

Q3) a) Explain the various elements of cost sheet and give brief on items excluded from cost sheet.

OR
b) Prepare a statement of a cost from the following information relating to Raj Traders for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2017.

| Particulars | Amount Rs. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cost of Materials consumed | 50,000 |
| Oil \& waste | 1,000 |
| Operating Labour | 10,000 |
| Wages of foreman | 1,000 |
| Direct Expenses | 4,000 |
| Store keepers wages | 500 |
| Sales | 1,50,000 |
| Electric power | 2,000 |
| Consumables stores | 1,000 |
| Direct wages payable | 10,000 |
| Lighting <br> i) Factory <br> ii) Office | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500 \\ & 1,200 \end{aligned}$ |
| Carriage outward | 1,000 |
| Rent <br> i) Office <br> ii) Factory | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Warehouse charges | 2,000 |
| Repairs \& Renewals <br> i) factory plant <br> ii) Machinery <br> iii) Office premises <br> iv) Warehouse | 5,000 1,000 2,000 1,000 |
| Advertising | 4,000 |


| Depreciation |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| i) Office premises |  |
| ii) Machinery | 1,500 |
| Travelling Expenses | 2,000 |
| Office manager's salary | 1,200 |
| Salesmen's commission \& salaries | 2,250 |
| Director's fees | 5,000 |
| Printing \& stationery | 5,000 |
| Telephone charges | 1,200 |
| Postage | 1,000 |
| Baddebts | 500 |

Q4) a) From the following information compute the following material variances \& verify the results
i) Material cost variance
ii) Material price variance
iii) Material usage variance

| Materials | Standard |  | Actual |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Price | Quantity | Price |
|  | Kgs | Rs. | Kgs | Rs. |
|  | 40 | 10 | 20 | 35 |
| Y | 20 | 20 | 10 | 20 |
| Z | 20 | 40 | 30 | 30 |
|  | 80 |  | 60 |  |

OR
b) Prakash Co. Ltd, has three production departments $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y} \& \mathrm{Z}$ and two service departments, $A$ and $B$. The following figures are extracted from the records of the company.

|  | Rs. |  | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Rent \& Rates | 5,000 | General lighting | 600 |
| Indirect wages | 1,500 | Power | 1,500 |
| Dep. of machinery | 10,000 |  |  |

The following further details are available

|  | Total | X | Y | Z | A | B |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Floor space (s.f) | 10,000 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 500 |
| Light points | 60 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 10 | 5 |
| Direct wages (₹) | 10,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 3,000 | 1,500 | 500 |
| H.P of machines | 150 | 60 | 30 | 50 | 10 | ---- |
| Value of <br> machinery | $2,50,000$ | 60,000 | 80,000 | $1,00,000$ | 5,000 | 5,000 |

Apportion the cost to various departments on the most equitable basis.

Q5) a) The following is the information given by Rameshwar Industries for 50\% production (10,000 units)

| Raw Materials | Rs. 100 per unit |
| :--- | :--- |
| Direct labour | Rs. 80 per unit |
| Direct Expenses | Rs. 20 per unit |
| Factory Expenses | Rs. $1,00,000(40 \%$ fixed $)$ |
| Administrative Expenses | Rs. $50,000(50 \%$ variable $)$ |

Prepare a flexible budget for production capacity at $80 \%$ and $100 \%$.
OR
b) Compute
i) $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{V}$ Ratio
ii) Fixed cost and
iii) Sales volume to earn a profit of Rs. 1,20,000 from the following

Information:
Sales : 1,50,000
Profit : 15,000
Variable cost : 80\%
[5659]-101
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