

C14-A-401/C14-AA-401/C14-AEI-401/ C14-CH-401/C14-CHST-401/C14-IT-401/ C14-MET-401/C14-MNG-401/C14-PKG-401/ C14-TT-401/C14-C-401/C14-CM-401/

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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) MARCH/APRIL—2018 FOURTH SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

- **1.** Solve $(D^2 \ 5D \ 6)y \ 0.$
- **2.** Solve $(D^2 \ 6D \ 9)y \ 0.$

3. Find the particular integral of $(D^2 \quad 5D \quad 6)y \quad 3e^{5x}$.

4. Find $L\{9e^{-2t} \quad 5\cos 2t \quad 5\sin 3t\}$.

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5. Find $L\{(t \ 2)^2 \ et\}$.

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6. Evaluate

$$L\left\{ \begin{array}{c} t\\ 0 \end{array} \sin 2t \, dt \right\}$$

7. Evaluate

$$L^{1} \frac{s}{(s 2)^{2}}$$

- **8.** Write down the Fourier series expansion of a function f(x) in the interval $(c, c \ 2)$ and give the formula for finding the Fourier coefficient.
- **9.** Find a_0 , if $f(x) = e^x$ in the interval (,).
- **10.** If A and B are independent events with $p(A) = 0 \ 2 \ p(B) \ x$ and $p(A = B) = 0 \ 8$, then find x.

PART—B 10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

11. (a) Solve $(D^2 \ D \ 6)y \ e^{3x}$.

(b) Solve $(D^2 \ 16)y \ 8\cos 4x$.

12. (a) Solve $(D^2 \ 9)y \ \sin 3x$.

(b) Solve
$$(D^2 \ 1)y \ x$$
.

13. (a) Find

$$L \quad \int_{0}^{t} t e^{-t} \sin 4t \, dt$$

(b) Evaluate

$$L^{1} \frac{1}{s(s^{2} 9)}$$

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- **14.** Using Laplace transform method, solve $Y^{11} 2Y^1 8Y 0$ with respect to $Y(0) 3 Y^1(0) 6$.
- **15.** Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x + x^2$ for the interval (,).
- **16.** Obtain the Fourier cosine series for $f(x) = x \sin x$ for the interval (0,).
- **17.** (*a*) A bag contain 4 red, 5 black and 6 blue balls. What is the probability that two balls drawn simultaneously are one red and one black?
 - (b) If three cards are drawn at a random from a pack of 52 cards, then find the probability for the cards to be a King, a Queen and a Jack.
- **18.** (a) Let A and B be two events with

p (A)	$\frac{3}{8}, p(B)$	$\frac{5}{8}$ and $p(A)$	B)	$\frac{3}{4}$.
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Find p(A | B) and p(B | A).

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(b) If A and B be two events with $p(A) = \frac{1}{6}$, $p(B) = \frac{5}{8}$ and $p(A = B) = \frac{4}{15}$, then find the value of p(A = B).

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