



C-16-A/AA/CHST/C/CM/EC/EE/M/AEI/  
MNG/IT/PKG-103

**5003-A**

**BOARD DIPLOMA SUPPLEMENTARY (INSTANT)  
EXAMINATION, (C-16)**

JUNE - 2019

**FIRST YEAR (COMMON) EXAMINATION  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 80

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**PART - A**

**2×15=30**

**Instructions :**

- (1) Answer any 15 questions.
- (2) Each question carries 2 marks.
- (3) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

- 1 Write any two limitations of dimensional analysis.
- 2 Write the dimensional formulae for (i) Stress (ii) Surface tension.
- 3 State triangle law of vectors.
- 4 Find unit vector in the direction of  $6\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$
- 5 Define acceleration due to gravity and write its SI units.
- 6 Define projectile and give one example.
- 7 Write any two laws of friction.
- 8 Write any two methods of reducing friction.
- 9 Find the kinetic energy of a bullet of mass 5 gram fired with a velocity of 100 m/s.

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- 10 Write any two conditions for SHM.
- 11 Define amplitude and time period of SHM.
- 12 Define absolute zero and write the relation between absolute temperature and centigrade temperature.
- 13 State 1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics and write its mathematical form.
- 14 Distinguish between musical sound and noise in 2 aspects.
- 15 Write any two applications of Doppler effect.
- 16 Define stress and strain.
- 17 Explain the effect of temperature on viscosity of liquids and gases.
- 18 State and explain Ohm's law.
- 19 Two magnetic poles of strength 40 Am and 50 Am are separated by a distance of 10 cm in air. Calculate the force between them.
- 20 Write any two applications of superconductors.

**PART - B**

**10×5=50**

**Instructions :**

- (1) Answer any **FIVE** questions.
- (2) Each question carries **TEN** marks.
- (3) Answer should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

- 21 (a) State parallelogram law of vector addition. Derive expression for magnitude and direction of resultant of two vectors by using parallelogram law of vector. **2+5**
- (b) A force  $6\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$  produces a displacement of  $3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ . Find the work done by force. **3**
- 22 (a) Derive the expression for time of flight and range in oblique projection. **3+3**
- (b) A ball is thrown at an angle  $45^\circ$  to the horizontal with an initial velocity of  $49 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . Find its (i) time of flight (ii) horizontal range. **2+2**

- 23** (a) State and prove law of conservation of energy in the case of a freely falling body. **2+5**
- (b) Derive relation between momentum and kinetic energy. **3**
- 24** (a) Define simple pendulum. Derive an expression for time period of a simple pendulum. **2+6**
- (b) Define second's pendulum. **2**
- 25** (a) Derive  $C_p - C_v = R$  **6**
- (b) Write any four differences between isothermal process and adiabatic process. **4**
- 26** Define noise pollution. Mention any four effects and four methods of minimizing noise pollution. **2+4+4**
- 27** (a) State Kirchoff's laws. Derive the balancing condition of Wheatstone's bridge. **2+6**
- (b) Three currents 2 mA, 4 mA and 6 mA are flowing towards the junction and two currents 5 mA and  $i_5$  are flowing away from the junction. Find the value of  $i_5$ . **2**
- 28** (a) Define photoelectric effect. And state any four laws of photoelectric effect. **2+4**
- (b) Explain the principle and working of an optical fiber. **4**
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