



C16-A-301/C16-AA-301/C16-CH-301/
C16-CHST-301/C16-EI-301/C16-MET-301/
C16-MNG-301/C16-IT-301/C16-TT-301/
C16-PKG-301

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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

MARCH/APRIL—2018

THIRD SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III

Time : 3 hours]

[*Total Marks : 80*

PART—A

$3 \times 10 = 30$

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

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1. Evaluate :

$$(2 \sec^2 x - 2e^x - 4 \sin x) dx$$

2. Evaluate :

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin 2} d$$

3. Integrate

$$\frac{e^{\tan^{-1} x}}{1 - x^2}$$

with respect to x .

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[*Contd...*

4. Evaluate :

$$x \sin x \, dx$$

5. Evaluate :

$$\int_0^1 (2x - 3)^2 \, dx$$

6. Evaluate

$$\int_0^4 \tan^4 x \sec^2 x \, dx$$

7. Find the differential equation for $y = Ae^{rx} + Be^{-rx}$, where A, B are constants.

8. Solve :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{2x - 3y}$$

9. Solve

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - 3$$

10. Verify that the differential equation $(x^2 - 2xy)dx - (\sin y - x^2)dy = 0$ is an exact equation.

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer *any five* questions.

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(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

11. (a) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{2x - 10}{x^2 - x - 2} \, dx$$

(b) Using Bernoulli's rule evaluate :

$$x^3 \sin 2x \, dx$$

12. (a) Evaluate :

$$\int \sin 4x \sin 6x \, dx$$

(b) Integrate :

$$\frac{1}{5 - 4 \sin x}$$

with respect to x .

13. (a) Evaluate :

$$\int_0^{1/2} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} - \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$$

(b) Find the area of the region bounded by the line $2x - y = 8$, x -axis and the lines $x = 2$ and $x = 4$.

14. (a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ about the x -axis.

(b) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{1/2} \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} dx$$

15. (a) Find the root mean square value of $\sqrt{\log x}$ over the range $x = 1$ to $x = e$.

(b) Solve

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (4x - y - 1)^2$$

16. Evaluate $\int_1^5 x^2 dx$ using Simpson's 1/3 rule by taking $n = 8$.

17. (a) Solve the differential equation $(x - y - 2)dx - (x - y - 4)dy = 0$.

(b) Solve :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - \tan \frac{y}{x}$$

18. Solve :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - xy^2 \sin x$$

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